CETIFICATION

SDG No:

JC19214

Laboratory:

Accutest, New Jersey

Accutest, Florida

Site:

BMS, Building 5 Area, PR

Matrix:

Groundwater

Humacao, PR

SUMMARY:

Groundwater samples (Table 1) were collected on the BMSMC facility – Building 5 Area. The BMSMC facility is located in Humacao, PR. Samples were taken April 26-27, 2016 and were analyzed in Accutest Laboratory of Dayton, New Jersey for the ABN TCL Special List and for TCL pesticides list that reported the data under SDG No.: JC19214. Accutest Laboratory of Orlando, Florida analyzed for low molecular weight alcohols (LMWA) that also reported the data under SDG No.: JC19214. Results were validated using the latest validation guidelines (July, 2015) of the EPA Hazardous Waste Support Section. The analyses performed are shown in Table 1. Individual data review worksheets are enclosed for each target analyte group. The data sample organic data samples summary form shows for analytes results that were qualified.

In summary the results are valid and can be used for decision taking purposes.

Table 1. Samples analyzed and analysis performed

SAMPLE ID	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	MATRIX	ANALYSIS PERFORMED
JC19214-1	RA17-GWD	Groundwater	ABN TCL special list; pesticides TCL
JC19214-1A	RA17-GWD	Groundwater	LMWA
JC19214-2	RA17-GWS	Groundwater	ABN TCL special list; pesticides TCL
JC19214-2A	RA17-GWS	Groundwater	LMWA

Reviewer Name:

Rafael Infante

Chemist License 1888

Signature:

Date:

May 15, 2016

984919

Report of Analysis

By

IJ

Prep Date

04/28/16

Page 1 of 3

Client Sample ID: RA17-GWD Lab Sample ID:

File ID

F156641.D

JC19214-1

Date Sampled:

Q

04/26/16

Matrix:

AQ - Ground Water SW846 8270D SW846 3510C

DF

1

Date Received: 04/28/16

Method:

Percent Solids: n/a

Project:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, PR

Analyzed

04/29/16

Prep Batch **Analytical Batch** OP93443 EF6595

Run #1 Run #2

> **Initial Volume Final Volume**

Run #1 900 ml $1.0 \, ml$

Run #2

ABN TCL Special List

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	ND	5.6	0.91	ug/l
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	ND	5.6	0.99	ug/l
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	2.2	1.4	ug/l
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	5.6	2.7	ug/l
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	11	1.7	ug/l
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	ND	5.6	1.4	ug/l
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	ND	2.2	0.99	ug/l
	3&4-Methylphenol	ND	2.2	0.98	ug/l
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	ND	5.6	1.1	ug/l
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	ND	11	1.3	ug/l
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	ND	5.6	1.5	ug/l
108-95-2	Phenol	ND	2.2	0.44	ug/l
58-90-2	2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	ND	5.6	1.6	ug/l
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	5.6	1.5	ug/l
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	5.6	1.0	ug/l
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	ND	1.1	0.21	ug/l
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	ND	1.1	0.15	ug/l
98-86-2	Acetophenone	ND	2.2	0.23	ug/l
120-12-7	Anthracene	ND	1.1	0.23	ug/l
1912-24-9	Atrazine	ND	2.2	0.50	ug/l
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	ND	5.6	0.32	ug/l
56-55-3	Benzo(a)anthracene	ND	1.1	0.23	ug/l
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	1.1	0.24	ug/l
205-99-2	Benzo(b) fluoranthene	ND	1.1	0.23	ug/l
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND	1.1	0.38	ug/l
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	1.1	0.23	ug/l
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	ND	2.2	0.45	ug/l
85-68-7	Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	2.2	0.51	ug/l
92-52-4	1,1'-Biphenyl	ND	1.1	0.24	ug/l
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	2.2	0.26	ug/l
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	ND	5.6	0.38	ug/l
86-74-8	Carbazole	ND	1.1	0.25	ug/l



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E - Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Method:

Project:

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: RA17-GWD

Lab Sample ID: Matrix:

JC19214-1

AQ - Ground Water

SW846 8270D SW846 3510C BMSMC, Building 5 Area, PR

Date Sampled: 04/26/16 Date Received: 04/28/16

Percent Solids: n/a

Q

ABN TCL Special List

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units
105-60-2	Caprolactam	ND	2.2	0.72	ug/l
218-01-9	Chrysene	ND	1.1	0.20	ug/l
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ND	2.2	0.31	ug/l
111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	ND	2.2	0.28	ug/l
108-60-1	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	2.2	0.45	ug/l
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	ND	2.2	0.41	ug/l
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	1.1	0.61	ug/l
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	1.1	0.53	ug/l
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	2.2	0.56	ug/l
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	19.2	1.1	0.73	ug/l
53-70-3	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	1.1	0.37	ug/l
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	ND	5.6	0.24	սց/1
84-74-2	Di-n-butyl phthalate	ND	2.2	0.55	ug/l
117-84-0	Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	2.2	0.26	ug/l
84-66-2	Diethyl phthalate	ND	2.2	0.29	ug/l
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	ND	2.2	0.24	ug/l
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	2.2	1.8	ug/l
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	ND	1.1	0.19	ug/l
86-73-7	Fluorene	ND	1.1	0.19	ug/l
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	1.1	0.36	ug/l
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	1.1	0.55	ug/l
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	11	3.1	ug/l
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	ND	2.2	0.43	ug/l
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND	1.1	0.37	ug/l
78-59-1	Isophorone	ND	2.2	0.31	ug/l
90-12-0	1-Methylnaphthalene	ND	1.1	0.29	ug/l
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	1.1	0.23	ug/l
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	ND	5.6	0.31	ug/l
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	ND	5.6	0.43	ug/l
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	ND	5.6	0.49	ug/l
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	ND	2.2	0.71	ug/l
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	2.2	0.53	ug/l
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	5.6	0.25	ug/l
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	ND	1.1	0.19	ug/l
129-00-0	Pyrene	ND	141	0.24	ug/l
95-94-3	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	ND	2.2	0.41	ug/l
CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run#1	Run# 2	Lim	its



ND = Not detected

367-12-4

MDL = Method Detection Limit

55%

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

2-Fluorophenol

J = Indicates an estimated value

14-88%

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: RA17-GWD Lab Sample ID:

JC19214-1

AQ - Ground Water

Date Sampled: 04/26/16

Matrix: Method: Project:

SW846 8270D SW846 3510C BMSMC, Building 5 Area, PR

Date Received: 04/28/16 Percent Solids: n/a

ABN TCL Special List

CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run# 1	Run# 2	Limits
4165-62-2 118-79-6 4165-60-0 321-60-8 1718-51-0	Phenol-d5 2,4,6-Tribromophenol Nitrobenzene-d5 2-Fluorobiphenyl Terphenyl-d14	40% 100% 99% 82% 69%		10-110% 39-149% 32-128% 35-119% 10-126%



ND = Not detected

MDL - Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID:	RA17-GWD
I sh Sample ID:	TC10214-1

Matrix: Method: AQ - Ground Water

SW846 8270D BY SIM SW846 3510C

Date Sampled: 04/26/16 Date Received: 04/28/16

Percent Solids: n/a

Project:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, PR

File ID DF Analyzed By Prep Date Prep Batch **Analytical Batch** Run #1 3M60967.D 04/29/16 1 AD 04/28/16 OP93443A E3M2867

Run #2

Initial Volume Final Volume Run #1 900 ml 1.0 ml

Compound

Run #2

CAS No.

Result RL MDŁ Unita Q

91-20-3 Naphthalene ND 0.11 0.033ug/l

CAS No. Surrogate Recoveries Run#1 Run#2 Limits

4165-60-0 Nitrobenzene-d5 92% 24-125% 321-60-8 2-Fluorobiphenyl 92% 19-127% 1718-51-0 Terphenyl-d14 82% 10-119%



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

N = Indicates presumptive evidence of a compound

Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: RA17-GWD

Lab Sample ID: JC19214-1

Matrix: AQ - Ground Water Method: SW846 8081B SW846 3510C

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, PR

Date Sampled: 04/26/16 Date Received: 04/28/16

Percent Solids: n/a

Project:

File ID DF Analyzed By Prep Date Prep Batch **Analytical Batch** Run #1 1G122607.D 04/29/16 BP 04/28/16 OP93460 G1G3976

Run #2

Initial Volume **Final Volume**

Run #1 300 ml 2.0 ml

Run #2

Pesticide TCL List

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q
309-00-2	Aldrin	ND	0.0067	0.0040	ug/i	
319-84-6	alpha-BHC	ND	0.0067	0.0040	ug/l	
319-85-7	beta-BHC	ND	0.0067	0.0038	ug/l	
319-86-8	delta-BHC	ND	0.0067	0.0030	ug/l	
58-89-9	gamma-BHC (Lindane)	ND	0.0067	0.0019	ug/l	
5103-71-9	alpha-Chlordane	ND	0.0067	0.0031	ug/l	
5103-74-2	gamma-Chlordane	ND	0.0067	0.0031	ug/l	
60-57-1	Dieldrin	ND	0.0067	0.0024	ug/l	
72-54-8	4,4'-DDD	ND	0.0067	0.0025	ug/l	
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE	ND	0.0067	0.0041	ug/l	
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT	ND	0.0067	0.0033	ug/l	
72-20-8	Endrin	ND	0.0067	0.0034	ug/l	
1031-07-8	Endosulfan sulfate	ND	0.0067	0.0035	ug/l	
7421-93-4	Endrin aldehyde	ND	0.0067	0.0034	ug/l	
53494-70-5	Endrin ketone	ND	0.0067	0.0034	ug/i	
959-98-8	Endosulfan-I	ND	0.0067	0.0033	ug/l	
33213-65-9	Endosulfan-II	ND	0.0067	0.0029	ug/l	
76-44-8	Heptachlor	ND	0.0067	0.0025	ug/l	
1024-57-3	Heptachlor epoxide	ND	0.0067	0.0044	ug/l	
72-43-5	Methoxychlor	ND	0.013	0.0038	ug/l	
8001-35-2	Toxaphene	ND	0.17	0.12	ug/l	1.
CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run#1	Run# 2	Limi	ts	BREA
877-09-8	Tetrachloro-m-xylene	80%		26-13	1294	
877-09-8	Tetrachloro-m-xylene	78%		26-13		1 1 1
2051-24-3	Decachlorobiphenyl	41%		10-11		130
2051-24-3	Decachlorobiphenyl	40%		10-11		E MICI
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ND = Not detected

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RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank



Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID:	RA17-GWD		
Lab Sample ID:		Date Sampled:	04/26/16
Matrix:	AQ - Ground Water	Date Received:	
Method:	SW846 8015C	Percent Solids:	n/a

Project:	BMSM	 						
Run #1 ª Run #2	File ID XY064093.D	DF 1	Analyzed 05/02/16	By AFL	Prep D n/a	ate	Prep Batch n/a	Analytical Batch F:GXY2772
CAS No.	Compound		Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q	
64-17-5	Ethanol		ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l		
78-83-1	Isobutyl Alcoho	ol	ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l		
67-63-0	Isopropyl Alco	hol	ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l		
71-23-8	n-Propyl Alcoh	ıol	ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l		
71-36-3	n-Butyl Alcoho	1	ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l		
67-56-1	Methanol		ND	5.0	1.0	mg/i		
CAS No.	Surrogate Rec	overies	Run#1	Run# 2	Lim	its		
111-27-3	Hexanol		90%		73-1	23%		

(a) Analysis performed at Accutest Laboratories, Orlando FL.



ND = Not detected

MDL - Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

N = Indicates presumptive evidence of a compound

Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 3

Client Sample ID:	RA17-GWS
Lab Sample ID:	JC19214-2

Matrix: Method: AQ - Ground Water

SW846 8270D SW846 3510C

Date Sampled: 04/27/16 Date Received: 04/28/16

Percent Solids: n/a

Q

Project: BMSMC, Building 5 Area, PR

File ID DF Run #1 F156642.D 1

Ву Analyzed Prep Date 04/29/16 IJ 04/28/16

Prep Batch **Analytical Batch** OP93443

EF6595

Run #2

Initial Volume Final Volume

Run #1

1.0 ml

Run #2

ABN TCL Special List

900 ml

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units
95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	ND	5.6	0.91	ug/l
59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	ND	5.6	0.99	ug/l
120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	ND	2.2	1.4	ug/l
105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	ND	5.6	2.7	ug/l
51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	ND	11	1.7	ug/l
534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	ND	5.6	1.4	ug/l
95-48-7	2-Methylphenol	ND	2.2	0.99	ug/l
	3&4-Methylphenol	ND	2.2	0.98	ug/l
88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	ND	5.6	1.1	ug/l
100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	ND	11	1.3	ug/l
87-86-5	Pentachlorophenol	ND	5.6	1.5	ug/l
108-95-2	Phenol	ND	2.2	0.44	ug/l
58-90-2	2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	ND	5.6	1.6	ug/l
95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ND	5.6	1.5	ug/l
88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	ND	5.6	1.0	ug/l
83-32-9	Acenaphthene	ND	1.1	0.21	ug/l
208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	ND	1.1	0.15	ug/l
98-86-2	Acetophenone	ND	2.2	0.23	ug/l
120-12-7	Anthracene	ND	1.1	0.23	ug/l
1912-24-9	Atrazine	ND	2.2	0.50	ug/l
100-52-7	Benzaldehyde	ND	5.6	0.32	ug/l
56-55-3	Benzo(a)anthracene	ND	1.1	0.23	ug/l
50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	1.1	0.24	ug/l
205-99-2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	ND	1.1	0.23	ug/l
191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	ND	1.1	0.38	ug/l
207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	ND	1.1	0.23	ug/l
101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	ND	2.2	0.45	ug/l
85-68-7	Butyl benzyl phthalate	ND	2.2	0.51	ug/l
92-52-4	1,1'-Biphenyl	ND	1.1	0.24	ug/l
91-58-7	2-Chloronaphthalene	ND	2.2	0.26	ug/l
106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	ND	5.6	0.38	ug/l
86-74-8	Carbazole	ND	1.1	0.25	ug/l



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: RA17-GWS Lab Sample ID: JC19214-2

Matrix: Method:

Project:

AQ - Ground Water

SW846 8270D SW846 3510C BMSMC, Building 5 Area, PR Date Sampled: 04/27/16 Date Received: 04/28/16 Percent Solids: n/a

ARN TCL. Special List

ABN TCL	Special List					
CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q
105-60-2	Caprolactam	ND	2.2	0.72	ug/l	
218-01-9	Chrysene	ND	1.1	0.20	ug/l	
111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	ND	2.2	0.31	ug/l	
111-44-4	bis (2-Chloroethyl) ether	ND	2.2	0.28	ug/l	
108-60-1	bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	ND	2.2	0.45	ug/l	
7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	ND	2.2	0.41	ug/l	
121-14-2	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	ND	1.1	0.61	ug/l	
606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	ND	1.1	0.53	ug/l	
91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	ND	2.2	0.56	ug/l	
123-91-1	1,4-Dioxane	10.5	1.1	0.73	ug/l	
53-70-3	Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	ND	1.1	0.37	ug/l	
132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	ND	5.6	0.24	ug/l	
84-74-2	Di-n-butyl phthalate	ND	2.2	0.55	ug/l	
117-84-0	Di-n-octyl phthalate	ND	2.2	0.26	ug/l	
84-66-2	Diethyl phthalate	ND	2.2	0.29	ug/l	
131-11-3	Dimethyl phthalate	ND	2.2	0.24	ug/l	
117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	ND	2.2	1.8	ug/l	
206-44-0	Fluoranthene	ND	1.1	0.19	ug/l	
86-73-7	Fluorene	ND	1.1	0.19	ug/l	
118-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	ND	1.1	0.36	ug/l	
87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	1.1	0.55	ug/l	
77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	11	3.1	ug/l	
67-72-1	Hexachloroethane	ND	2.2	0.43	ug/l	
193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	ND	1.1	0.37	ug/l	
78-59-1	Isophorone	ND	2.2	0.31	ug/l	
90-12-0	1-Methylnaphthalene	ND	1.1	0.29	ug/l	
91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	ND	1.1	0.23	ug/l	
88-74-4	2-Nitroaniline	ND	5.6	0.31	ug/l	
99-09-2	3-Nitroaniline	ND	5.6	0.43	ug/l	
100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	ND	5.6	0.49	ug/l	
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	ND	2.2	0.71	ug/l	
621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	ND	2.2	0.53	ug/l	001100
86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	ND	5.6	0.25	ug/l	OF MOUNDO DE D
85-01-8	Phenanthrene	ND	1.1	0.19	ug/l	The state of the s
129-00-0	Pyrene	ND	1.1	0.24	ug/l	tael Infante Viendez H 1888
95-94-3	1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	ND	2.2	0.41	ug/l	Mindey 2
					~B. •	16 1888 8
CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run#1	Run# 2	Limi	its	1000
367-12-4	2-Fluorophenol	43%		14-8	8%	"MICO LICENCIADO

ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

4

Report of Analysis

Client Sample ID: RA17-GWS
Lab Sample ID: JC19214-2
Matrix: AO - Ground

AQ - Ground Water

Date Sampled: 04/27/16 Date Received: 04/28/16 Percent Solids: n/a

Method: Project: SW846 8270D SW846 3510C BMSMC, Building 5 Area, PR

ABN TCL Special List

CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run# 1	Run# 2	Limits
4165-62-2	Phenol-d5	31%		10-110%
118-79-6	2,4,6-Tribromophenol	101%		39-149%
4165-60-0	Nitrobenzene-d5	99%		32-128%
321-60-8	2-Fluorohiphenyl	87%		35-119%
1718-51-0	Terphenyl-d14	81%		10-126%



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

] = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID:	RA17-GWS
Lab Sample ID:	JC19214-2

Matrix: Method: JC19214-2

AQ - Ground Water

Date Sampled:

04/27/16 Date Received: 04/28/16

SW846 8270D BY SIM SW846 3510C Project: BMSMC, Building 5 Area, PR

Percent Solids: n/a

Run #1	File ID	DF	Analyzed 04/29/16	By	Prep Date	Prep Batch	Analytical Batch
Run #2	3M60968.D	1		AD	04/28/16	OP93443A	E3M2867
Kun #2							

Initial Volume Final Volume Run #1 900 ml 1.0 ml

Run #2

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q
91-20-3	Naphthalene	ND	0.11	0.033	ug/l	
CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run#1	Run# 2	L <u>im</u>	its	
4165-60-0 321-60-8 1718-51-0	Nitrobenzene-d5 2-Fluorobiphenyl Terphenyl-d14	93% 99% 98%		19-1	25% 27% 19%	



ND = Not detected

MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

N = Indicates presumptive evidence of a compound

Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID: RA17-GWS

Lab Sample ID: Matrix:

JC19214-2

AQ - Ground Water SW846 8081B SW846 3510C Date Received: 04/28/16

Q

Date Sampled: 04/27/16

Method:

Percent Solids: n/a

Project:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area, PR

File ID DF Analyzed By Prep Date Prep Batch 1G122608.D 1 04/29/16 BP 04/28/16

OP93460

Analytical Batch G1G3976

Run #1 Run #2

> Initial Volume **Final Volume**

Run #1 300 ml

2.0 ml

Run #2

Pesticide TCL List

CAS No.	Compound	Result	RL	MDL	Units	(
309-00-2	Aldrin	ND	0.0067	0.0040	ug/l	
319-84-6	alpha-BHC	ND	0.0067	0.0040	ug/l	
319-85-7	beta-BHC	ND	0.0067	0.0038	ug/l	
319-86-8	delta-BHC	ND	0.0067	0.0030	ug/l	
58-89-9	gamma-BHC (Lindane)	ND	0.0067	0.0019	ug/l	
5103-71-9	alpha-Chlordane	ND	0.0067	0.0031	ug/l	
5103-74-2	gamma-Chlordane	ND	0.0067	0.0031	ug/l	
60-57-1	Dieldrin	ND	0.0067	0.0024	ug/l	
72-54-8	4,4'-DDD	ND	0.0067	0.0025	ug/l	
72-55-9	4,4'-DDE	ND	0.0067	0.0041	ug/l	
50-29-3	4,4'-DDT	ND	0.0067	0.0033	ug/l	
72-20-8	Endrin	ND	0.0067	0.0034	ug/l	
1031-07-8	Endosulfan sulfate	ND	0.0067	0.0035	ug/l	
7421-93-4	Endrin aldehyde	ND	0.0067	0.0034	ug/l	
53494-70-5	Endrin ketone	ND	0.0067	0.0034	ug/l	
959-98-8	Endosulfan-I	ND	0.0067	0.0033	ug/l	
33213-65-9	Endosulfan-II	ND	0.0067	0.0029	ug/l	
76-44-8	Heptachlor	ND	0.0067	0.0025	ug/l	
1024-57-3	Heptachlor epoxide	ND	0.0067	0.0044	ug/l	
72-43-5	Methoxychlor	ND	0.013	0.0038	ug/l	
8001-35-2	Toxaphene	ND	0.17	0.12	ug/l	
CAS No.	Surrogate Recoveries	Run#1	Run# 2	Limit	ts	
877-09-8	Tetrachloro-m-xylene	82%		26-13	2%	
877-09-8	Tetrachloro-m-xylene	81%		26-13	2%	
2051-24-3	Decachlorobiphenyl	40%		10-11	8%	
2051-24-3	Decachlorobiphenyl	40%		10-11	8%	



ND = Not detected

MDL - Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

Report of Analysis

Page 1 of 1

Client Sample ID:	RA17-GWS		
Lab Sample ID:	JC19214-2A	Date Sampled:	04/27/16
Matrix:	AQ - Ground Water	Date Received:	04/28/16
Method:	SW846 8015C	Percent Solids:	n/a

Project:	BMSM	IC, Buildin	g 5 Arca, PR							
Run #1 ª Run #2	File ID DF XY064094.D 1		Analyzod 05/02/16	By AFL	Prep D n/a	ato	Prep Batch n/a	Analytical Batch F:GXY2772		
CAS No.	Compound		Result	RL	MDL	Units	Q	•••		
64-17-5	Ethanol		ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l				
78-83-1	Isobutyl Alcol	hol	ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l				
67-63-0	Isopropyl Alco	ohol	ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l				
71-23-8	n-Propyl Alco	hol	ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l				
71-36-3	n-Butyl Alcoh	ol	ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l				
67-56-1	Methanol		ND	5.0	1.0	mg/l				
CAS No.	Surrogate Re	coveries	Run#1	Run# 2	Lim	its				
111-27-3	Hexanol		101%		73-1	123%				

(a) Analysis performed at Accutest Laboratories, Orlando FL.





MDL = Method Detection Limit

RL = Reporting Limit

E = Indicates value exceeds calibration range

J = Indicates an estimated value

B = Indicates analyte found in associated method blank

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JC19214: Chain of Custody Page 1 of 2

EXECUTIVE NARRATIVE

SDG No:

JC19214

Laboratory:

Accutest, Florida

Analysis:

SW846-8015C

Number of Samples:

2

Location:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area

Humacao, PR

SUMMARY:

Two (2) groundwater samples were analyzed for the low molecular weight alcohols (LMWAs) list following method SW846-8015C. The sample results were assessed according to USEPA data validation guidance documents in the following order of precedence: "Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods SW-846 (Final Update III, December 1996)," specifically for Methods 8000/8015C are utilized. The QC criteria and data validation actions listed on the data review worksheets are from the primary guidance document, upless otherwise noted.

are from the primary guidance document, unless otherwise noted.

Results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Critical issues:

None

Major:

None

Minor:

None

Critical findings:

None

Major findings:

None

Minor findings:

None

COMMENTS:

Results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Reviewers Name:

Rafaei Infante

Chemist License 1888

Signature:

Date:

May 15, 2016

SAMPLE ORGANIC DATA SAMPLE SUMMARY

. . . .

Sample ID: JC19214-1A

Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area

Sampling date: 4/26/2016

Matrix: Groundwater

METHOD: 8015C

Analyte Name	Result	Units	Dilution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	Reportable
Ethanoi	5.0	mg/l	1.0	-	U	Yes
Isobutyl Alcohol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	-	U	Yes
Isopropyl Alcohol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	-	U	Yes
n-Propyl Alcohol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	-	U	Yes
n-Butyl Alcohol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	-	U	Yes
Methanol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	-	υ	Yes

Sample ID: JC19214-2A

Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area

Sampling date: 4/27/2016 Matrix: Groundwater

METHOD: 8015C

Analyte Name	Result	Units	Dilution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	Reportable
Ethanol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	-	U	Yes
Isobutyl Alcohol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	-	υ	Yes
Isopropyl Alcohol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	-	U	Yes
n-Propyl Alcohol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	•	υ	Yes
n-Butyl Alcohol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	•	U	Yes
Methanol	5.0	mg/l	1.0	-	U	Yes

	Project Number:	_JC19214
	Date:	_04/26-27/2016
		04/27/2016
	EPA Region:	2
	<u> </u>	
REVIEW OF VOLATILE ORGAThe following guidelines for evaluating volatile organics was actions. This document will assist the reviewer in using production and in better serving the needs of the data users. The USEPA data validation guidance documents in the following Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods SW specifically for Methods 8000/8015C are utilized. The QC critical review worksheets are from the primary guidance document the hardcopied (laboratory name) _Accutestreviewed and the quality control and performance data sum included:	ere created to deline ofessional judgment ne sample results wer ng order of preceder -846 (Final Update iteria and data validate ent, unless otherwise data pack	to make more informed e assessed according to nce: "Test Methods for III, December 1996)," ion actions listed on the noted. age received has been
Lab. Project/SDG No.:JC19214 No. of Samples:2	Sample matrix:	Groundwater
Trip blank No.:		
Field blank No.:		
Equipment blank No.:	8	
Field duplicate No.:		
- 1010 00pilodio 110		
X Data Completeness	X Laborato	ny Control Snikes
X Holding Times	X Field Dup	•
N/A_ GC/MS Tuning	X Calibratio	
N/A_ Internal Standard Performance	X Compour	
X Blanks	X Compour	
X Surrogate Recoveries		
	X Quantitat	ION LIMIUS
X Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate		
Overall Comments:_Low_molecular_weight_alcohols_b	y_SW-846_8015C_	
	· · · · · ·	
Definition of Qualifiers:		
J- Estimated results		
U- Compound not detected		
R- Rejected data		
UJ- Estimated nondetect/ //		
Reviewer: Calaul defaut		
Date:May_15,_2016		
Datoividy_10,_£010		

DATA REVIEW WORKSHEETS

DATA COMPLETENESS

MISSING INFORMATION	DATE LAB. CONTACTED	DATE RECEIVED
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All criteria were met _	_X_	
Criteria were not met		
and/or see below		

HOLDING TIMES

The objective of this parameter is to ascertain the validity of the results based on the holding time of the sample from time of collection to the time of analysis.

Complete table for all samples and note the analysis and/or preservation not within criteria

SAMPLE ID	DATE SAMPLED	DATE ANALYZED	рН	ACTION
All samples	s analyzed within the re		olding tim	e. All samples properly
		preserved.		
				7
			1	
				
				1

Criteria

Aqueous samples – 14 days from sample collection for preserved samples (pH \leq 2, 4°C), no air bubbles.

Aqueous samples – 7 days from sample collection for unpreserved samples, 4°C, no air bubbles. Soil samples- 7 days from sample collection.

Cooler temperature (Criteria: 4 + 2 °C): 5.4°C

Actions

If the VOCs vial(s) have air bubbles, estimate positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R).

If the % solids of soil samples is 10-50%, estimates positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ)

If the % solid of soil samples is < 10%, estimate positive results (I) and reject pondetects (P)

If the % solid of soil samples is < 10%, estimate positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R).

If holding times are exceeded but < 14 days beyond criteria, estimate positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ).

If holding times are exceeded but < 28 days beyond criteria, estimate positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R).

If holding times are grossly exceeded (> 28 days beyond criteria), reject all results (R).

If samples were not iced or if the ice were melted (> 10°C), estimate positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ).

DATA REVIEW WORKSHEETS

All criteria were metN/A Criteria were not met see below	
GC/MS TUNING	
The assessment of the tuning results is to determine if the sample instrumentation is within the standard tuning QC limits	
N/A_ The BFB performance results were reviewed and found to be within the specified criteria.	
N/A_ BFB tuning was performed for every 12 hours of sample analysis.	
If no, use professional judgment to determine whether the associated data should be accepted,	

affected:

If no, use professional judgment to determine whether the association qualified or rejected.

List the samples

If mass calibration is in error, all associated data are rejected.

DATA REVIEW WORKSHEETS

All criteria were met _	_X
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	_

CALIBRATION VERIFICATION

Compliance requirements for satisfactory instrument calibration are established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing and maintaining acceptable quantitative data.

Date of initial calibration:_	05/02/16
Dates of continuing calibra	ation:_05/02/16 (initial);_05/02/16
Dates of final calibration ve	erification:05/02/16
Instrument ID number:	VOA5
Matrix/Level:	Aqueous/low

DATE	LAB FILE ID#	CRITERIA OUT RFs, %RSD, %D, r	COMPOUND	SAMPLES AFFECTED
		<u> </u>	1	

Note: Initial, continuing, and final calibration verifications meets method specific criteria.

Criteria

All RFs must be > 0.05 regardless of method requirements for SPCC.

All %RSD must be < 15 % regardless of method requirements for CCC.

All %Ds must be \leq 20% regardless of method requirements for CCC.

It should be noted that Region 2 SOP HW-24 does not specify criterion for the curve correlation coefficient (r). A limit for r of \geq 0.995 has therefore been utilized as professional judgment.

Actions

If any compound has an initial RF or a continuing RF of < 0.05, estimate positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R), regardless of method requirements.

If any compound has a %RSD > 15%, estimate positive results (J) and use professional judgment to qualify nondetects.

If any compound has a %RSD > 90%, estimate positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R).

If any compound has a % D > 20%, estimate positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R).

If any compound has a % D > 20%, estimate positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ).

If any compound has a % D > 90%, estimate positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R).

If any compound has r < 0.995, estimate positive results and nondetects.

A separate worksheet should be filled for each initial curve

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

V A. BLANK ANALYSIS RESULTS (Sections 1 & 2)

The assessment of the blank analysis results is to determine the existence and magnitude of contamination problems. The criteria for evaluation of blanks apply only to blanks associated with the samples, including trip, equipment, and laboratory blanks. If problems with any blanks exist, all data associated with the case must be carefully evaluated to determine whether or not there is an inherent variability in the data for the case, or if the problem is an isolated occurrence not affecting other data.

List the contamination in the blanks below. High and low levels blanks must be treated separately.

Laboratory bl	anks
---------------	------

DATE ANALYZED	LAB ID	LEVEL/ MATRIX	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS
			fic_criteria	
Field/Equipmen	- 			
DATE ANALYZED	LAB ID	LEVEL/ MATRIX	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS
No_field/trip/	equipment_blan	iks_included_in	_this_data_package	
24000000000				

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

VB. BLANK ANALYSIS RESULTS (Section 3)

Blank Actions

Action Levels (ALs) should be based upon the highest concentration of contaminant determined in any blank. Do not qualify any blank with another blank. The ALs for samples which have been diluted should be corrected for the sample dilution factor and/or % moisture, where applicable. No positive sample results should be reported unless the concentration of the compound in the samples exceeds the ALs:

ALs = 10x the amount of common contaminants (methylene chloride, acetone, 2-butanone, and toluene)

ALs = 5x for any other compounds

Specific actions are as follows:

If the concentration is < sample quantitation limit (SQL) and \le AL, report the compound as not detected (U) at the SQL.

If the concentration is \geq SQL but \leq AL, report the compound as not detected (U) at the reported concentration.

If the concentration is \geq SQL and > AL, report the concentration unqualified.

Notes:

High and low level blanks must be treated separately Compounds qualified "U" for blank contamination are still considered "hits" when qualifying for calibration criteria.

CONTAMINATION SOURCE/LEVEL	COMPOUND	CONC/UNITS	AL/UNITS	SQL	AFFECTED SAMPLES
		- S. F. F. S. F. F. S. F. S. F. S. F. F. F. S. F.			
	and the last of th				
15/5/5/5/					
1000					

All crilena were met	X_	_
Criteria were not met		
and/or see below		

SURROGATE SPIKE RECOVERIES

Laboratory performance of individual samples is established by evaluation of surrogate spike recoveries. All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample analysis. The accuracy of the analysis is measured by the surrogate percent recovery. Since the effects of the sample matrix are frequently outside the control of the laboratory and may present relatively unique problems, the validation of data is frequently subjective and demands analytical experience and professional judgment.

List the percent recoveries (%Rs) which do not meet the criteria for surrogate recovery. Matrix: solid/aqueous

SAMPLE ID		SURROGATE COMPOUND			ACTION	
	Hexanol	DBFM	TOL-d8	BFB		
_All_surrogate_re	coveries_withir	n_laboratory_c	ontrol_limits			
QC Limits* (Aqueo		400				
LL_to_UL_ QC Limits* (Solid-	/3_to low)	123to_				
LL_to_UL_ QC Limits* (Solid-	^ _69_to_	121to	to_	to		
LL_to_UL_	′to_	to_	to_	to		
1,2-DCA = 1,2-Dic DBFM = Dibromof		-d4		i8 = Toluene-d8 Bromofluorober	nzene	

- QC limits are laboratory in-house performance criteria, LL = lower limit, UL = upper limit.
- * If QC limits are not available, use limits of 80 120 % for aqueous and 70 130 % for solid samples.

Actions:

QUALITY	%R < 10%	%R = 10% - LL	%R > UL
Positive results	J	J	J
Nondetects results	R	UJ	Accept

Surrogate action should be applied:

If one or more surrogate in the VOC fraction is out of specification, but has a recovery of > 10%. If any one surrogate in a fraction shows < 10 % recovery.

All criteria were met	X
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

VII. A MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE (MS/MSD)

This data is generated to determine long term precision and accuracy in the analytical method for various matrices. This data alone cannot be used to evaluate the precision and accuracy of individual samples. If any % R in the MS or MSD falls outside the designated range, the reviewer should determine if there are matrix effects, i.e. LCS data are within the QC limits but MS/MSD data are outside QC limit.

MS/MSD Recoveries and Precision Criteria

The laboratory should use one MS and a duplicate analysis of an unspiked field sample if target analytes are expected in the sample. If target analytes are not expected, MS/MSD should be analyzed.

List the %Rs, RPD of the con	pounds which do not meet the criteria.

Sample ID:JC1	9214-2AMS/-1MSD		-35	Matrix/Level:	_Groundwater	
MS OR MSD	COMPOUND	% R	RPD	QC LIMITS	ACTION	
MS/MSD%_rec	overies_and_RPD_	within_lab	oratory_	control_limits		

Actions:

QUALITY	%R < LL	%R > UL
Positive results	J	J
Nondetects results	R	Accept

MS/MSD criteria apply only to the unspiked sample, its dilutions, and the associated MS/MSD samples:

If the % R for the affected compounds were < LL (or 70 %), qualify positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ).

If the % R for the affected compounds were > UL (or 130 %), only qualify positive results (J).

If 25 % or more of all MS/MSD %R were < LL (or 70 %) or if two or more MS/MSD %Rs were < 10%, qualify all positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R).

A separate worksheet should be used for each MS/MSD pair.

^{*} QC limits are laboratory in-house performance criteria, LL = lower limit, UL = upper limit.

^{*} If QC limits are not available, use limits of 70 – 130 %.

All criteria were met _	_X_	_
Criteria were not met		
and/or see below	_	

VII. B MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE

MS/MSD - Unspiked Compounds

It should be noted that Region 2 SOP HW-24 does not specify a MS/MSD criteria for the unspiked compounds in the sample. A %RSD of < 50% has therefore been utilized as professional judgment.

If all target analytes were spiked in the MS/MSD, this review element is not applicable.

List the %RSD of the compounds which do not meet the criteria.

Sample ID:			Matrix/Le	vel/Unit	
COMPOUND	SAMPLE CONC.	MS CONC.	MSD CONC.	% RSD	ACTION
				2.02.70	and the same of th
				and the state of t	
			100		
					<u> </u>
-	And the second				-
1000					
di la		- <u>F</u> U-		2.2	

Actions:

^{*} If the % RSD > 50, qualify the positive result in the unspiked samples as estimated (J).

^{*} If the % RSD is not calculated (NC) due to nondetected value, use professional judgment to qualify the data.

All cntena were met _	_X_	_
Criteria were not met		
and/or see below	_	

VIII. LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE (LCS) ANALYSIS

This data is generated to determine accuracy of the analytical method for various matrices.

1. LCS Recoveries Criteria

Where LCS spiked with the same analyte at the same concentrations as the MS/MSD? **Yes** or No. If no make note in data review memo.

List the %R of compounds which do not meet the criteria

	LCS ID	COMPOUND	% R	QC LIMIT
Recoverie	s_within_labora	tory_control_limits	 <u></u> .	
. <u> </u>			 	
	<u> </u>		 	
_				

- * QC limits are laboratory in-house performance criteria, LL = lower limit, UL = upper limit.
- * If QC limits are not available, use limits of 70 130 %.

Actions:

QUALITY	%R < LL	%R > UL
Positive results	J	J
Nondetects results	R	Accept

All analytes in the associated sample results are qualified for the following criteria.

If 25 % of the LCS recoveries were < LL (or 70 %), qualify all positive results (j) and reject nondetects (R).

if two or more LCS were below 10 %, qualify all positive results as (J) and reject nondetects (R).

2. Frequency Criteria:

Where LCS analyzed at the required frequency and for each matrix? <u>Yes</u> or No. If no, the data may be affected. Use professional judgment to determine the severity of the effect and qualify data accordingly. Discuss any actions below and list the samples affected.

DATA REVIEW WORKSHEETS

		All criteria were metN/A Criteria were not met and/or see below
IX.	FIELD/LABORATORY DUPLICATE PRECISION	
	Sample IDs:	Matrix:

Field/laboratory duplicates samples may be taken and analyzed as an indication of overall precision. These analyses measure both field and lab precision; therefore, the results may have more variability than laboratory duplicates which only laboratory performance. It is also expected that soil duplicate results will have a greater variance than water matrices due to difficulties associated with collecting identical field duplicate samples.

The project QAPP should be reviewed for project-specific information. Suggested criteria: RPD \pm 30% for aqueous samples, RPD \pm 50 % for solid samples. If both samples and duplicate are <5 SQL, the RPD criteria is doubled.

COMPOUND	SQL	SAMPLE CONC.	DUPLICATE CONC.	RPD	ACTION
			this data package. MS/ pratory and generally ac		recoveries RPD used to e control limits.

Actions:

Qualify as estimated positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ) for the compound that exceeded the above criteria. For organics, only the sample and duplicate will be qualified.

If an RPD cannot be calculated because one or both of the sample results is not detected, the following actions apply:

If one sample result is not detected and the other is greater than 5x the SQL qualify (J/UJ).

If one sample value is not detected and the other is greater than 5x the SQL and the SQLs for the sample and duplicate are significantly different, use professional judgment to determine if qualification is appropriate.

If one sample value is not detected and the other is less than 5x, use professional judgment to determine if qualification is appropriate.

If both sample and duplicate results are not detected, no action is needed.

All critena were met _	_N/A	
Criteria were not met		
and/or see below	_	

X. INTERNAL STANDARD PERFORMANCE

The assessment of the internal standard (IS) parameter is used to assist the data reviewer in determining the condition of the analytical instrumentation.

List the internal standard area of samples which do not meet the criteria.

- * Area of +100% or -50% of the IS area in the associated calibration standard.
- * Retention time (RT) within 30 seconds of the IS area in the associated calibration standard.

DATE	SAMPLE ID	IS OUT	IS AREA	ACCEPTABLE ACTION RANGE
_				
Service Market				

Actions:

1. IS actions should be applied to the compound quantitated with the out-of-control ISs

QUALITY	IS AREA < -25%	IS AREA = -25 % TO - 50%	IS AREA > + 100%
Positive results	J	J	J
Nondetected results	R	UJ	ACCEPT

2. If a IS retention time varies more than 30 seconds, the chromatographic profile for that sample must be examined to determine if any false positive or negative exists. For shifts of a large magnitude, the reviewer may consider partial or total rejection of the data for the sample fraction.

All criteria were met _X
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

XII. SAMPLE QUANTITATION

The sample quantitation evaluation is to verify laboratory quantitation results. In the space below, please show a minimum of one sample calculation:

JC19214-1

Hexanol

[] = (477847)/(5304)

= 90.1 ppm OK

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

XII. **QUANTITATION LIMITS**

A. Dilution performed

SAMPLE ID	DILUTION FACTOR	REASON FOR DILUTION
		94-13

Pe	rcent Solids						
Lis	t samples wh	nich have	≤ 50 % solic	İs			
			_				
_						050 151 150	
_					THE RESERVE		
	and it	100 Tel 100 II	11-				
10							

If the % solids of a soil sample is < 10%, estimate positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R) $\,$

EXECUTIVE NARRATIVE

SDG No:

JC19214

Laboratory:

Accutest, New Jersey

Analysis:

SW846-8081B

Number of Samples:

Location:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area

Humacao, PR

SUMMARY:

Four (4) groundwater samples and one (1) soil sample were analyzed for selected pesticides following method SW846-8081B. The sample results were assessed according to USEPA data validation guidance documents in the following order of precedence Hazardous Waste Support Section SOP No. HW-36A, Revision 0, June, 2015. SOM02.2. Pesticide Data Validation. The QC criteria and data validation actions listed on the data review worksheets are from the primary guidance document, unless otherwise noted.

Results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Critical issues:

None

Major:

None

Minor:

None

Critical findings:

None

Major findings:

None

Minor findings:

1. The laboratory did not provide documentation of Endrin and 4.4-DDT breakdown. Based on calibration data and QC samples analyzed there is no indication of breakdown. Analytes not detected in samples. No action taken, professional judgment.

2. No MS/MSD analyzed with this data package. Blank spike/blank spike duplicate used to assess accuracy. % recoveries and RPD within laboratory control limits.

COMMENTS:

Results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Reviewers Name:

Rafael Infante

Chemist License 1888

Signature:

Date:

May 15, 2016

SAMPLE ORGANIC DATA SAMPLE SUMMARY

Sample ID: JC19214-1

Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area

Sampling date: 26-Apr-16
Matrix: Groundwater

METHOD: 8081B

Analyte Name	Result	Units	Dilution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	Reportable
Aldrin	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
alpha-BHC	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
beta-BHC	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
delta-BHC	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
alpha-Chlordane	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
gamma-Chlordane	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Dieldrin	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4,4'-DDD	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4,4'-DDE	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4,4'-DDT	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endrin	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endosulfan sulfate	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endrin aldehyde	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endrin ketone	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endosulfan-I	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endosulfan-II	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Heptachlor	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Heptachlor epoxide	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Methoxychlor	0.013	ug/L	1	_	ม	Yes
Toxaphene	0.17	ug/L	1		U	Yes

Sample ID: JC19214-2

Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area

Sampling date: 27-Apr-16
Matrix: Groundwater

METHOD: 8081B

	1100.0010					
Analyte Name	Result	Units	Dilution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	Reportable
Aldrin	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
alpha-BHC	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
beta-BHC	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
delta-BHC	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	IJ	Yes
gamma-BHC (Lindane)	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
alpha-Chlordane	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	υ	Yes
gamma-Chlordane	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Dieldrin	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4,4'-DDD	0.0067	ug/L	1	•	U	Yes
4,4'-DDE	0.0067	ug/L	1	•	U	Yes
4,4'-DDT	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endrin	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endosulfan sulfate	0.0067	ug/L	1	•	U	Yes
Endrin aldehyde	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endrin ketone	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endosulfan-I	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Endosulfan-II	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Heptachlor	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Heptachlor epoxide	0.0067	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Methoxychlor	0.013	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Toxaphene	0.17	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes

	Project/Case Number:JC19214 Sampling Date:April_26-27,_2016 Shipping Date:April_27,_2016 EPA Region No.:2
REVIEW OF PESTICIDE OR	GANIC PACKAGE
The following guidelines for evaluating volatile required validation actions. This document will a sudgment to make more informed decision and users. The sample results were assessed accordiocuments in the following order of precedence of the sample results were assessed according to the following order of precedence of the sample following order of precedence of the sample sample for the following order of the data revision actions listed on the data reviguidance document, unless otherwise noted.	ssist the reviewer in using professional in better serving the needs of the data ling to USEPA data validation guidance lazardous Waste Support Section SOP No. de Data Validation. The QC criteria and
he hardcopied (laboratory name) _Accutesteviewed and the quality control and performance data sumr	data package received has been narized. The data review for VOCs included:
.ab. Project/SDG No.:JC19214 No. of Samples:	Sample matrix:Groundwater
rip blank No.:	X Laboratory Control SpikesX Field DuplicatesX CalibrationsX Compound IdentificationsX Compound QuantitationX Quantitation Limits
Definition of Qualifiers: - Estimated results J- Compound not detected R- Rejected data JJ- Estimated nondetect	
Reviewer: Rafuel Defaut	

DATA REVIEW WORKSHEETS

DATA COMPLETENESS

MISSING INFORMATION	DATE LAB. CONTACTED	DATE RECEIVED
		1
		<u> </u>

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

HOLDING TIMES

The objective of this parameter is to ascertain the validity of the results based on the holding time of the sample from time of collection to the time of analysis.

Complete table for all samples and note the analysis and/or preservation not within criteria

SAMPLE ID	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED/ANALYZED	ACTION
		_	

Preservatives:	_All_samples_extracted_and_analyzed_within_the_required_criteria	
_		

Criteria

Aqueous samples - seven (7) days from sample collection for extraction; 40 days from sample collection for analysis.

Non-aqueous samples – fourteen (14) days from sample collection for extraction; 40 days from sample collection for analysis.

Cooler temperature (Criteria: 4 ± 2 °C): 5.4 °C - OK

Actions

Qualify aqueous sample results using preservation and technical holding time information as follows:

- a. If there is no evidence that the samples were properly preserved (T = 4° C \pm 2° C), and the samples were extracted or analyzed within the technical holding times, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as estimated (UJ).
- b. If there is no evidence that the samples were properly preserved ($T = 4^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$), and the samples were extracted or analyzed outside the technical holding times, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as estimated (UJ).
- c. If the samples were properly preserved, and were extracted and analyzed within the technical holding times, no qualification of the data is necessary.
- d. If the samples were properly preserved, and were extracted or analyzed outside the technical holding times, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as estimated (UJ). Note in the Data Review Narrative that holding times were exceeded and the effect of exceeding the holding time on the resulting data.

- e. Use professional judgment to qualify samples whose temperature upon receipt at the laboratory is either below 2 degrees centigrade or above 6 degrees centigrade.
- f. If technical holding times are grossly exceeded, use professional judgment to qualify the data.

Qualify non-aqueous sample results using preservation and technical holding time information as follows:

- a. If there is no evidence that the samples were properly preserved (T = 4° C \pm 2° C), and the samples were extracted or analyzed within the technical holding time, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as estimated (UJ).
- b. If there is no evidence that the samples were properly preserved (T = 4° C \pm 2° C), and the samples were extracted or analyzed outside the technical holding time, qualify detects as estimated (UJ).
- c. If the samples were properly preserved, and were extracted and analyzed within the technical holding time, no qualification of the data is necessary.
- d. If the samples were properly preserved, and were extracted or analyzed outside the technical holding time, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as estimated (UJ). Note in the Data Review Narrative that holding times were exceeded and the effect of exceeding the holding time on the resulting data.
- e. Use professional judgment to qualify samples whose temperature upon receipt at the laboratory is either below 2 degrees centigrade or above 6 degrees centigrade.
- f. If technical holding times are grossly exceeded, use professional judgment to qualify the data.

	All criteria were metX
Criteria	were not met see below

GAS CHROMATOGRAPH WITH ELECTRON CAPTURE DETECTOR (GC/ECD) INSTRUMENT PERFORMANCE CHECK (SECTIONS 1 TO 5)

1. Resolution Check Mixture

Criteria

Is the resolution between two adjacent peaks in the Resolution Check Mixture C greater than or equal to 80.0% for all analytes for the primary column and greater than or equal to 50.0% for the confirmation column?

Yes? or No?

Is the resolution between two adjacent peaks in the Resolution Check Mixture (A and B) greater than or equal to 60.0%?

Yes? or No?

Note

If resolution criteria are not met, the quantitative results may not be accurate due to inadequate resolution. Qualitative identifications may also be questionable if coelution exists.

Action

- a. Qualify detects for target compounds that were not adequately resolved as tentatively identified (NJ).
- b. Qualify non-detected compounds as unusable (R).

2. Performance Evaluation Mixture (PEM) Resolution Criteria

Criteria

Is PEM analysis performed at the required frequency (at the end of each pesticide initial calibration sequence and every 12 hours)?

Yes? or No?

Action

a. If PEM is not performed at the required frequency, qualify all associated sample and blank results as unusable (R).

Criteria

Is PEM % Resolution < 90%?

Yes? or No?

Action

- a. a. Qualify detects for target compounds that were not adequately resolved as tentatively identified (NJ).
- b. Qualify non-detected compounds as unusable (R).

All criteria were m	ielN/A
Critena were not met so	ee below

3. PEM 4,4'-DDT Breakdown

Criteria

Is the PEM 4,4'-DDT % Breakdown >20.0% and 4,4'-DDT is detected?

Yes? or No?

Action

a. Qualify detects for 4,4'-DDT; detects for 4,4'-DDD; and detects for 4,4'-DDE as estimated (J)

Criteria

is the PEM 4,4'-DDT % Breakdown >20.0% and 4,4'-DDT is not detected

Yes? or No?

Action

- a. Qualify non-detects for 4,4'- DDT as unusable (R)
- b. Qualify detects for 4,4'-DDD as tentatively identified (NJ)
- c. Qualify detects for 4,4'-DDE as tentatively identified (NJ)

4. PEM Endrin Breakdown

Criteria

Is the PEM Endrin % Breakdown >20.0% and Endrin is detected?

Yes? or No?

Action

a. Qualify detects for Endrin; detects for Endrin aldehyde; and detects for Endrin ketone as estimated (J)

Criteria

Is the PEM Endrin % Breakdown >20.0% and Endrin is not detected

Yes? or No?

Action

- a. Qualify non-detects for Endrin as unusable (R)
- b. Qualify detects for Endrin aldehyde as tentatively identified (NJ)
- c. Qualify detects for Endrin ketone as tentatively identified (NJ)

Note: The laboratory did not provide documentation of Endrin and 4.4-DDT breakdown. Based on calibration data and QC samples analyzed there is no indication of breakdown. Analytes not detected in samples. No action taken, professional judgment.

	All criteria were metX	
Criteria	were not met see below	

5. Mid-point Individual Standard Mixture Resolution -

Criteria

Is the resolution between two adjacent peaks in the Resolution Check Mixture C greater than or equal to 80.0% for all analytes for the primary column and greater than or equal to 50.0% for the confirmation column?

Yes? or No?

Is the resolution between two adjacent peaks in the Resolution Check Mixture (A and B) greater than or equal to 90.0%?

Yes? or No?

Note:

If resolution criteria are not met, the quantitative results may not be accurate due to inadequate resolution. Qualitative identifications may also be questionable if coelution exists.

Action

- a. Qualify detects for target compounds that were not adequately resolved as tentatively identified (NJ).
- b. Qualify non-detected compounds as unusable (R).

Criteria

Is mid-point individual standard mixture analysis performed at the required frequency (every 12 hours)?

Yes? or No?

Action

 a. If the mid-point individual standard mixture analysis is not performed at the required frequency, qualify all associated sample and blank results as unusable (R).

All critena were met _X
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

CALIBRATION VERIFICATION

Compliance requirements for satisfactory instrument calibration are established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing and maintaining acceptable quantitative data.

Date of initial calibration:	04/27/16
Dates of initial calibration verif	ication:04/27/16
Dates of continuing calibration	:04/29/16
Dates of final calibration:	04/29/16
Instrument ID numbers:	GC1G
Matrix/Level:	Aqueous/low

DATE	LAB ID#	FILE	CRITERIA OUT RFs, %RSD, %D, r	COMPOUND	SAMPLES AFFECTED
Initial	and init	ial calib ontinuin	ration verification within g calibration % difference	the guidance docume es meet the perform	ent performance criteria. ance criteria.
	<u> </u>				

Criteria

Are a five point calibration curve delivered with concentration levels as shown in Table 3 of SOP HW-36A, Revision 0, June, 2015?

Yes? or No?

Actions

If the standard concentrations listed in Table 3 are not used, use professional judgment to evaluate the effect on the data

Criteria

Are RT Windows calculated correctly?

Yes? or No?

Action

Recalculate the windows and use the corrected values for all evaluations.

Criteria

Are the Percent Relative Standard Deviation (%RSD) of the CFs for each of the single component target compounds less than or equal to 20.0%, except for alpha-BHC and delta-BHC?

Yes? or No?

Are the %RSD of the CFs for alpha-BHC and delta-BHC less than or equal to 25.0%. Yes? or No?

Is the %RSD of the CFs for each of the Toxaphene peaks must be < 30% when 5-point ICAL is performed?

Yes? or No?

Is the %RSD of the CFs for the two surrogates (tetrachloro-m-xylene and decachlorobiphenyl) less than or equal to 30.0%.

Yes? or No?

Action

- a. If the %RSD criteria are not met, qualify detects as estimated (J) and use professional judgment to qualify non-detected target compounds.
- b. If the %RSD criteria are within allowable limits, no qualification of the data is necessary

Continuing Calibration Checks

Criteria

Is the continuing calibration standard analyzed at the acceptable time intervals? Yes? or No?

Action

- a. If more than 14 hours has elapsed from the injection of the instrument blank that begins an analytical sequence (opening CCV) and the injection of either a PEM or mid-point concentration of the Individual Standard Mixtures (A and B) or (C), qualify all data as unusable (R).
- b. If more than 12 hours has elapsed from the injection of the instrument blank that begins an analytical sequence (opening CCV) and the injection of the last sample or blank that is part of the same analytical sequence, qualify all data as unusable (R).
- c. If more than 72 hours has elapsed from the injection of the sample with a Toxaphene detection and the Toxaphene Calibration Verification Standard (CS3), qualify all data as unusable (R).

Criteria

Is the Percent Difference (%D) within ±25.0% for the PEM sample?

Yes? or <u>No</u>?

Action

a. Qualify associated detects as estimated (UJ) and non-detects as estimated (UJ).

Criteria

For the Calibration Verification Standard (CS3); is the Percent Difference (%D) within ±25.0%? Yes? or No?

Action

Qualify associated detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as estimated (UJ).

All criteria were met __N/A__ Criteria were not met and/or see below ____

Criteria

Is the PEM 4,4'-DDT % Breakdown >20.0% and 4,4'-DDT is detected?

Yes? or No?

Action

- a. Qualify detects for 4,4'-DDT; detects for 4,4'-DDD; and detects for 4,4'-DDE as estimated (J)
- b. Non-detected associated compounds are not qualified

Criteria

Is the PEM 4,4'-DDT % Breakdown >20.0% and 4,4'-DDT is not detected

Yes? or No?

Action

- a. Qualify non-detects for 4,4'- DDT as unusable (R)
- b. Qualify detects for 4,4'-DDD as tentatively identified (NJ)
- c. Qualify detects for 4,4'-DDE as tentatively identified (NJ)

Criteria

Is the PEM Endrin % Breakdown >20.0% and Endrin is detected?

Yes? or No?

Action

- a. Qualify detects for Endrin; detects for Endrin aldehyde; and detects for Endrin ketone as estimated (J)
- b. Non-detected associated compounds are not qualified

Criteria

Is the PEM Endrin % Breakdown >20.0% and Endrin is not detected

Yes? or No?

Action

- a. Qualify non-detects for Endrin as unusable (R)
- b. Qualify detects for Endrin aldehyde as tentatively identified (NJ)
- c. Qualify detects for Endrin ketone as tentatively identified (NJ)

A separate worksheet should be filled for each initial curve

All criteria were met_	_X
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

BLANK ANALYSIS RESULTS (Sections 1 & 2)

The assessment of the blank analysis results is to determine the existence and magnitude of contamination problems. The criteria for evaluation of blanks apply only to blanks associated with the samples, including trip, equipment, and laboratory blanks. If problems with any blanks exist, all data associated with the case must be carefully evaluated to determine whether or not there is an inherent variability in the data for the case, or if the problem is an isolated occurrence not affecting other data.

List the contami	ination in the bla	anks below. Hiç	th and low levels blanks	s must be treated separately.
CRQL concentr	rationN	/A		
Laboratory blan	ks			
DATE Analyzed	LAB ID	LEVEL/ MATRIX	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS
			anks_at_a_reporting_lir	nit_of_0.01_and_0.001_ug/L.
Field/Equipmen				
DATE Analyzed	LAB ID	LEVEL/ MATRIX	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS
No_field/trip/ed	quipment_blank	s_analyzed_wi	th_this_data_package.	
	<u>. </u>			
_		-		

All criteria were met_	X
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	_

BLANK ANALYSIS RESULTS (Section 3)

Blank Actions

Action Levels (ALs) should be based upon the highest concentration of contaminant determined in any blank. Do not qualify any blank with another blank. The ALs for samples which have been diluted should be corrected for the sample dilution factor and/or % moisture, where applicable. No positive sample results should be reported unless the concentration of the compound in the samples exceeds the ALs:

The concentration of non-target compounds in all blanks must be less than or equal to 10 μ g/L. The concentration of each target compound found in the method or field blanks must be less than its CRQL listed in the method.

Data concerning the field blanks are not evaluated as part of the CCS process. If field blanks are present, the data reviewer should evaluate this data in a similar fashion as the method blanks.

Specific actions are as follows:

Blank Actions for Pesticide Analyses

Blank Type	Blank Result	Sample Result	Action for Samples
	Detects	Not detected	No qualification required
	< CRQL	< CRQL	Report CRQL value with a U
		≥CRQL	No qualification required
Method, Sulfur		< CRQL	Report CRQL value with a U
Cleanup, Instrument, Field, TCLP/SPLP	> CRQL	≥ CRQL and ≤ blank concentration	Report blank value for sample concentration with a U
		≥ CRQL and > blank concentration	No qualification required
	= CRQL	≤CRQL	Report CRQL value with a U
		> CRQL	No qualification required
	Gross contamination	Detects	Report blank value for sample concentration with a U

All criteria were met __X__ Criteria were not met and/or see below ____

CONTAMINATION SOURCE/LEVEL	COMPOUND	CONC/UNITS	AL/UNITS	SQL	AFFECTED SAMPLES

All criteria were met __X__ Criteria were not met and/or see below ____

SURROGATE SPIKE RECOVERIES

Laboratory performance of individual samples is established by evaluation of surrogate spike recoveries. All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample analysis. The accuracy of the analysis is measured by the surrogate percent recovery. Since the effects of the sample matrix are frequently outside the control of the laboratory and may present relatively unique problems, the validation of data is frequently subjective and demands analytical experience and professional judgment.

List the percent recoveries (%Rs) which do not meet the criteria for surrogate recovery.

Matrix:_Aqueou	IS				
Lab Sample ID	Lab File ID	S1 a	S1 b	S2 a	S2 b
JC19214-1 JC19214-2 OP93460-BS1 OP93460-BSD OP93460-MB1	1G122607.D 1G122608.D 1G122603.D 1G122606.D 1G122602.D	80 82 81 84 93	78 81 78 83 88	41 40 69 82 61	40 40 65 79 58
Surrogate Compounds S1 = Tetrachloro-m-xylene S2 = Decachlorobiphenyl		Recove Limits 26-132 10-118	2%		

⁽a) Recovery from GC signal #1

Note: Surrogate recoveries within laboratory control limits.

Actions:

- a. For any surrogate recovery greater than 150%, qualify detected target compounds as biased high (J+).
- b. Do not qualify non-detected target compounds for surrogate recovery > 150 %.
- c. If both surrogate recoveries are greater than or equal to 30% and less than or equal to 150%, no qualification of the data is necessary.
- d. For any surrogate recovery greater than or equal to 10% and less than 30%, qualify detected target compounds as biased low (J-).
- e. For any surrogate recovery greater than or equal to 10% and less than 30%, qualify non-detected target compounds as approximated (UJ).
- f. If low surrogate recoveries are from sample dilution, professional judgment should be used to determine if the resulting data should be qualified. If sample dilution is not a factor:
 - i. Qualify detected target compounds as biased low (J-).
 - ii. Qualify non-detected target compounds as unusable (R).

⁽b) Recovery from GC signal #2

- g. If surrogate RTs in PEMs, Individual Standard Mixtures, samples, and blanks are outside of the RT Windows, the reviewer must use professional judgment to qualify data.
- h. If surrogate RTs are within RT windows, no qualification of the data is necessary.
- i. If the two surrogates were not added to all samples, MS/MSDs, standards, LCSs, and blanks, use professional judgment in qualifying data as missing surrogate analyte may not directly apply to target analytes.

Summary Surrogate Actions for Pesticide Analyses

	Action*		
Criteria	Detected Target Compounds	Non-detected Target Compounds	
%R > 150%	J+	No qualification	
30% < %R < 150%	No qualification		
10% < %R < 30%	J-	UJ	
%R < 10% (sample dilution not a factor)	J-	R	
%R < 10% (sample dilution is a factor)	Use professional judgment		
RT out of RT window	Use professional judgment		
RT within RT window	No qualification		

Use professional judgment in qualifying data, as surrogate recovery problems may not directly apply to target analytes.

Action

All criteria were met _	_N/A
Crilena were not met	310 100 100
and/or see below	2

MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE (MS/MSD)

This data is generated to determine long term precision and accuracy in the analytical method for various matrices. This data alone cannot be used to evaluate the precision and accuracy of individual samples. If any % R in the MS or MSD falls outside the designated range, the reviewer should determine if there are matrix effects, i.e. LCS data are within the QC limits but MS/MSD data are outside QC limit.

1. MS/MSD Recoveries and Precision Criteria

Data for MS and MSDs will not be present unless requested by the Region.

Notify the Contract Laboratory Program Project Officer (CLP PO) if a field blank was used for the MS and MSD, unless designated as such by the Region.

NOTE: For a Matrix Spike that does not meet criteria, apply the action to only the field sample used to prepare the Matrix Spike sample. If it is clearly stated in the data validation materials that the samples were taken through incremental sampling or some other method guaranteeing the homogeneity of the sample group, then the entire sample group may be qualified.

List the %Rs, RF	PD of the compounds	which do	not mee	t the criteria.		
Sample ID:					Matrix/Level:	
MS OR MSD	COMPOUND	% R	RPD	QC LIMITS	ACTION	
_No_MS/MSD_a _assess_accura	analyzed_with_this_d cy%_recoveries_a	lata_packa nd_RPD_v	ageBla vithin_lat	nk_spike/blank_ poratory_control	spike_duplicate_use _limits	ed_to
		<u> </u>				

No qualification of the data is necessary on MS and MSD data alone. However, using professional judgment, the validator may use the MS and MSD results in conjunction with other QC criteria and determine the need for some qualification of the data.

A separate worksheet should be used for each MS/MSD pair.

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

LABORATORY CONTROL SAMPLE (LCS) ANALYSIS

This data is generated to determine accuracy of the analytical method for various matrices.

LCS Recoveries Criteria

LCS Spike Compound	Recovery Limits (%)
gamma-BHC	50 – 120
Heptachlor epoxide	50 – 150
Dieldrin	30 – 130
4,4'-DDE	50 – 150
Endrin	50 – 120
Endosulfan sulfate	50 – 120
trans-Chlordane	30 – 130
Tetrachloro-m-xylene (surrogate)	30 – 150
Decachlorobiphenyl (surrogate)	30 – 150

LU	s concentrations	:0.167_ug/L		
List the %R	of compounds w	hich do not meet the criteria	l	
120	LCS ID	COMPOUND	% R	QC LIMIT
				

Action

The following guidance is suggested for qualifying sample data for which the associated LCS does not meet the required criteria.

- a. If the LCS recovery exceeds the upper acceptance limit, qualify detected target compounds as estimated (J). Do not qualify non-detected target compounds.
- b. If the LCS recovery is less than the lower acceptance limit, qualify detected target compounds as estimated (J) and non-detects as unusable (R).
- c. Use professional judgment to qualify data for compounds other than those compounds that are included in the LCS.
- d. Use professional judgment to qualify non-LCS compounds. Take into account the compound class, compound recovery efficiency, analytical problems associated with each compound, and comparability in the performance of the LCS compound to the non-LCS compound.
- e. If the LCS recovery is within allowable limits, no qualification of the data is necessary.

2. Frequency Criteria:

Where LCS analyzed at the required frequency and for each matrix? <u>Yes</u> or No. If no, the data may be affected. Use professional judgment to determine the severity of the effect and qualify data accordingly. Discuss any actions below and list the samples affected.

All criteria were me	
Criteria were not m	el
and/or see below_	_N/A

FLORISIL CARTRIDGE PERFORMANCE CHECK

NOTE: Florisil cartridge cleanup is mandatory for all extracts.

Criteria

Is the Florisil cartridge performance check conducted at least once on each lot of cartridges used for sample cleanup or every 6 months, whichever is most frequent?

Yes? or No?

N/A

Criteria

Are the results for the Florisil Cartridge Performance Check solution included with the data package?

Yes? or No?

N/A

Note: If % criteria are not met, examine the raw data for the presence of polar interferences and use professional judgment in qualifying the data as follows:

Action:

- a. If the Percent Recovery is greater than 120% for any of the pesticide target compounds in the Florisil Cartridge Performance Check, qualify detected compounds as estimated (J). Do not qualify non-detected target compounds.
- b. If the Percent Recovery is greater than or equal to 80% and less than or equal to 120% for all the pesticide target compounds, no qualification of the data is necessary.
- c. If the Percent Recovery is greater than or equal to 10% and less than 80% for any of the pesticide target compounds in the Florisil Cartridge Performance Check, qualify detected target compounds as estimated (J) and non-detected target compounds as approximated (UJ).
- d. If the Percent Recovery is less than 10% for any of the pesticide target compounds in the Florisil Cartridge Performance Check, qualify detected compounds as estimated (J) and qualify non-detected target compounds as unusable (R).
- e. If the Percent Recovery of 2,4,5-trichlorophenol in the Florisil Cartridge Performance Check is greater than or equal to 5%, use professional judgment to qualify detected and non-detected target compounds, considering interference on the sample chromatogram.

Note: State in the Data Review Narrative potential effects on the sample data resulting from the Florisil Cartridge Performance Check analysis not yielding acceptable results.

Note:_ No information for florisil cartridge performance check included in data package. Florisil cartridge used for sample extraction/clean-up. No qualification of the data performed, professional judgment.

All criteria were met _	N/A
Criteria were not met	2 - 17
and/or see below	

GEL PERMEATION CHROMATOGRAPHY (GPC) PERFORMANCE CHECK

NOTE: GPC cleanup is mandatory for all soil samples.

If GPC criteria are not met, examine the raw data for the presence of high molecular weight contaminants; examine subsequent sample data for unusual peaks; and use professional judgment in qualifying the data. Notify the Contract Laboratory Program Project Officer (CLP PO) if the laboratory chooses to analyze samples under unacceptable GPC criteria.

Action:

- a. If the Percent Recovery is less than 10% for the pesticide compounds and surrogates during the GPC calibration check, the non-detected target compounds may be suspect, qualify detected compounds as estimated (J).
- b. If the Percent Recovery is less than 10% for the pesticide compounds and surrogates during the GPC calibration check, qualify all non-detected target compounds as unusable (R).
- c. If the Percent Recovery is greater than or equal to 10% and is less than 80% for any of the pesticide target compounds in the GPC calibration, qualify detected target compounds as estimated (J) and non-detected target compounds as approximated (UJ).
- d. If the Percent Recovery is greater than or equal to 80% and less than or equal to 120% for all the pesticide target compounds, no qualification of the data is necessary.
- e. If high recoveries (i.e., greater than 120%) were obtained for the pesticides and surrogates during the GPC calibration check, qualify detected compounds as estimated (J). Do not qualify non-detected target compounds.

Note: State in the Data Review Narrative potential effects on the sample data resulting from the GPC cleanup analyses not yielding acceptable results.

Note: No information for performance of GPC cleanup included in data package. No qualification of the data performed, professional judgment.

All criteria were met _	_X
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	-

TARGET COMPOUND IDENTIFICATION

Criteria:

- 1. Is Retention Times (RTs) of both of the surrogates and reported target compounds in each sample within the calculated RT Windows on both columns?

 Yes? or No?
- 2. Is the Tetrachloro-m-xylene (TCX) RT ± 0.05 minutes of the Mean RT (RT) determined from the initial calibration and Decachlorobiphenyl (DCB) within ± 0.10 minutes of the RT determined from the initial calibration? Yes? or No?
- 3. Is the Percent Difference (%D) for the detected mean concentrations of a pesticide target compound between the two Gas Chromatograph (GC) columns within the inclusive range of \pm 25.0 %?

 Yes? or No?
- 4. When no analytes are identified in a sample; are the chromatograms from the analyses of the sample extract and the low-point standard of the initial calibration associated with those analyses on the same scaling factor?

 Yes? or No?
- 5. Does the chromatograms display the Single Component Pesticides (SCPs) detected in the sample and the largest peak of any multi-component analyte detected in the sample at less than full scale.

 Yes? or No?
- 6. If an extract is diluted; does the chromatogram display SCPs peaks between 10-100% of full scale, and multi-component analytes between 25-100% of full scale? Yes? or No? N/A
- 7. For any sample; does the baseline of the chromatogram return to below 50% of full scale before the elution time of alpha-BHC, and also return to below 25% of full scale after the elution time of alpha-BHC and before the elution time of DCB?

 Yes? or No?
- 8. If a chromatogram is replotted electronically to meet these requirements; is the scaling factor used displayed on the chromatogram, and both the initial chromatogram and the replotted chromatogram submitted in the data package.

 Yes? or No?

Action:

- a. If the qualitative criteria for both columns were not met, all target compounds that are reported as detected should be considered non-detected.
- b. Use professional judgment to assign an appropriate quantitation limit using the following guidance:
 - If the detected target compound peak was sufficiently outside the pesticide RT Window, the reported values may be a false positive and should be replaced with the sample Contract Required Quantitation Limits (CRQL) value.

ii. If the detected target compound peak poses an interference with potential detection of another target peak, the reported value should be considered and qualified as unusable (R).

c. If the data reviewer identifies a peak in both GC column analyses that falls within the appropriate RT Windows, but was reported as a non-detect, the compound may be a false negative. Use professional judgment to decide if the compound should be included.

Note: State in the Data Review Narrative all conclusions made regarding target compound identification.

- d. If the Toxaphene peak RT windows determined from the calibration overlap with SCPs or chromatographic interferences, use professional judgment to qualify the data.
- e. If target compounds were detected on both GC columns, and the Percent Difference between the two results is greater than 25.0%, consider the potential for coelution and use professional judgment to decide whether a much larger concentration obtained on one column versus the other indicates the presence of an interfering compound. If an interfering compound is indicated, use professional judgment to determine how best to report, and if necessary, qualify the data according to these guidelines.
- f. If Toxaphene exhibits a marginal pattern-matching quality, use professional judgment to establish whether the differences are due to environmental "weathering" (i.e., degradation of the earlier eluting peaks relative to the later eluting peaks). If the presence of Toxaphene is strongly suggested, report results as presumptively present (N).

GAS CHROMATOGRAPH/MASS SPECTROMETER (GC/MS) CONFIRMATION

NOTE: This confirmation is not usually provided by the laboratory. In cases where it is provided, use professional judgment to determine if data qualified with "C" can be salvaged if it was previously qualified as unusable (R).

Action:

- a. If the quantitative criteria for both columns were met (≥ 5.0 ng/ μ L for SCPs and ≥ 125 ng/ μ L for Toxaphene), determine whether GC/MS confirmation was performed. If it was performed, qualify the data using the following guidance:
 - i. If GC/MS confirmation was not required because the quantitative criteria for both columns was not met, but it was still performed, use professional judgment when evaluating the data to decide whether the detect should be qualified with "C".
 - ii. If GC/MS confirmation was performed, but unsuccessful for a target compound detected by GC/ECD analysis, qualify those detects as "X".

All criteria were met _	_X
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

COMPOUND QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLS)

The sample quantitation evaluation is to verify laboratory quantitation results. In the space below, please show a minimum of one sample calculation:

op9332-ms (Matrix Spike)

alpha-BHC

RF = 1.286

[] =

(30960336)(50)/(61998270) (1.286)

= 19.4 ppb

Ok

Action:

- a. If sample quantitation is different from the reported value, qualify result as unusable (R).
- b. When a sample is analyzed at more than one dilution, the lowest CRQLs are used unless a QC exceedance dictates the use of the higher CRQLs from the diluted sample.
- c. Replace concentrations that exceed the calibration range in the original analysis by crossing out the "E" and its corresponding value on the original reporting form and substituting the data from the diluted sample.
- d. Results between the MDL and CRQL should be qualified as estimated (J).
- e. Results less than the MDL should be reported at the CRQL and qualified (U). MDLs themselves are not reported.
- f. For non-aqueous samples, if the percent moisture is less than 70.0%, no qualification of the data is necessary. If the percent moisture is greater than or equal to 70.0% and less than 90.0%, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as approximated (UJ). If the percent moisture is greater than or equal to 90.0%, qualify detects as estimated (J) and non-detects as unusable (R) (see Table).

Percent Moisture Actions for Pesticide Analysis for Non-Aqueous Samples

Criteria	Action				
	Detected Associated Non-detected Associated Compounds Compounds				
% Moisture < 70.0	No qualification				
70.0 < % Moisture < 90.0	J	UJ			
% Moisture > 90.0	J	R			

nples which h	_			
		 <u> </u>	 	
	_	 <u>-</u>	 	
_				

Note: If any discrepancies are found, the Region's designated representative may contact the laboratory to obtain additional information that could resolve any differences. If a discrepancy remains unresolved, the reviewer must use professional judgment to decide which value is the most accurate. Under these circumstances, the reviewer may determine that qualification of data is warranted. Note in the Data Review Narrative a description of the reasons for data qualification and the qualification that is applied to the data.

Dilution performed

SAMPLE ID	DILUTION FACTOR	REASON FOR DILUTION

All criteria were metN/A
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

FIELD DUPLICATE PRECISION

NOTE: In the absence of QAPP guidance for validating data from field duplicates, the following action will be taken.

Field duplicates samples may be taken and analyzed as an indication of overall precision. These analyses measure both field and lab precision; therefore, the results may have more variability than laboratory duplicates which only laboratory performance. It is also expected that soil duplicate results will have a greater variance than water matrices due to difficulties associated with collecting identical field duplicate samples. Identify which samples within the data package are field duplicates. Estimate the relative percent difference (RPD) between the values for each compound. If large RPDs (> 50%) is observed, confirm identification of samples and note difference in the executive summary.

Sample I	DS:			Matrix:	
COMPOUND	SQL ug/L	SAMPLE CONC.	DUPLICATE CONC.	RPD	ACTION
No field/laborato	ry duplicate to assess	analyzed with precision. RPD	this data package. LC	S/LCSD % literia of < 50	recoveries RPD used

Actions:

- a. Qualify as estimated positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ) for the compound that exceeded the above criteria. For organics, only the sample and duplicate will be qualified.
- b. If an RPD cannot be calculated because one or both of the sample results is not detected, the following actions apply:
 - i. If one sample result is not detected and the other is greater than 5x the SQL qualify (J/UJ).
 - ii. If one sample value is not detected and the other is greater than 5x the SQL and the SQLs for the sample and duplicate are significantly different, use professional judgment to determine if qualification is appropriate.
 - iii. If one sample value is not detected and the other is less than 5x, use professional judgment to determine if qualification is appropriate.
 - iv. If both sample and duplicate results are not detected, no action is needed.

OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF DATA

Action:

- 1. Use professional judgment to determine if there is any need to qualify data which were not qualified based on the Quality Control (QC) criteria previously discussed.
- 2. Write a brief narrative to give the user an indication of the analytical limitations of the data.

Note: The Contract Laboratory Program Project Officer (CLP PO) must be informed if any inconsistency of the data with the Sample Delivery Group (SDG) Narrative. If sufficient information on the intended use and required quality of the data is available, the reviewer should include their assessment of the usability of the data within the given context. This may be used as part of a formal Data Quality Assessment (DQA).

Overall assessment of the data: Results are valid; the data can be used for

decision making purposes.

EXECUTIVE NARRATIVE

SDG No:

JC19214

Laboratory:

Accutest, New Jersey

Analysis:

SW846-8270D

Number of Samples:

Location:

BMSMC, Building 5 Area

Humacao, PR

SUMMARY:

Four (4) samples were analyzed for the ABN TCL list following method SW846-8270D; Naphthalene and 1,4-Dioxane were also analyzed by SW846-8270D using the selective ion monitoring (SIM) technique. The sample results were assessed according to USEPA data validation guidance documents in the following order of precedence: EPA Hazardous Waste Support Section, SOP HW-35A, July 2015 —Revision 0. Semivolatile Data Validation. The QC criteria and data validation actions listed on the data review worksheets are from the primary guidance document, unless otherwise noted.

Results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Critical issues:

None

Major:

None

Minor:

None

Critical findings:

None

Major findings:

None

Minor findings:

Initial and continuing calibration verifications meet the required criteria. Analytes not meeting the method % difference criteria meet the guidance document performance criteria for continuing calibration verification of ± 25 or 40 %, no action taken. No closing calibration verification included in data package. No action taken, professional judgment.
 Analytes not meeting the continuing calibration verification criteria of the guidance

document were qualified UJ in samples JC19214-1 and JC19214-2.

COMMENTS:

Results are valid and can be used for decision making purposes.

Reviewers Name:

Rafael Infante

Chemist License 1888

afail defaut

Signature:

Date:

May 15, 2016

SAMPLE ORGANIC DATA SAMPLE SUMMARY

Sample ID: JC19214-1

Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area

Sampling date: 4/26/2016 Matrix: Groundwater

METHOD: 8270D

Analyte Name	Result	Units	Dilution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	Reportable
2-Chlorophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,4-Dichlorophenol	2.2	ug/L	1	•	U	Yes
2,4-Dimethylphenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,4-Dinitrophenol	11	ug/L	1		U	Yes
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	5.6	ug/L	1	_	U	Yes
2-Methylphenol	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
3&4-Methylphenol	2.2	ug/L	1	2	U	Yes
2-Nitrophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4-Nitrophenol	11	ug/L	1	7.	UJ	Yes
Pentachlorophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	2	U	Yes
Phenol	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-3	U	Yes
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	51	U	Yes
Acenaphthene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Acenaphthylene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Acetophenone	2.2	ug/L	1	-	UJ	Yes
Anthracene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Atrazine	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzaldehyde	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Butyl benzyl phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	•	U	Yes
1,1'-Biphenyl	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2-Chloronaphthalene	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4-Chloroaniline	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Carbazole	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Caprolactam	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Chrysene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes

METHOD: 8270D

Analyte Name	Result	Units	Dilution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	Reportable
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
1,4-Dioxane	19.2	ug/L	1	-	-	Yes
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Dibenzofuran	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Di-n-butyl phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Di-n-octyl phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Diethyl phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Dimethyl phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Fluoranthene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Fluorene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Hexachlorobenzene	1.1	ug/L	1	_	U	Yes
Hexachlorobutadiene	1.1	ug/L	1	~	U	Yes
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	11	ug/L	1	_	U	Yes
Hexachloroethane	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Isophorone	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
1-Methylnaphthalene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2-Nitroaniline	5.6	ug/L	1	-	UJ	Yes
3-Nitroaniline	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4-Nitroaniline	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Nitrobenzene	2.2	ug/L	1	-	UJ	Yes
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	2.2	ug/L	1	-	UJ	Yes
Nitrosodiphenylamine	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Phenanthrene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Pyrene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
METHOD:	•	•				
Naphthalene	0.11	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes

Sample ID: JC19214-2

Sample location: BMSMC Building 5 Area

Sampling date: 4/27/2016 Matrix: Groundwater

METHOD: 8270D

Analyte Name	Result	Units	Dilution Factor	Lab Flag	Validation	Reportable
2-Chlorophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4-Chloro-3-methyl phenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,4-Dichlorophenol	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,4-Dimethylphenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,4-Dinitrophenol	11	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2-Methylphenol	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
3&4-Methylphenol	2.2	ug/L	1	~	U	Yes
2-Nitrophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	~	U	Yes
4-Nitrophenol	11	ug/L	1	•	UJ	Yes
Pentachlorophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Phenol	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	~	U	Yes
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Acenaphthene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Acenaphthylene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Acetophenone	2.2	ug/L	1	-	UJ	Yes
Anthracene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Atrazine	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzaldehyde	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzo(a)anthracene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Butyl benzyl phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
1,1'-Biphenyl	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2-Chloronaphthalene	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4-Chloroaniline	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Carbazole	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Caprolactam	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Chrysene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ether	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes

4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	2.2	ug/L	1	_	υ	Yes
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	1.1	ug/L	1		U	Yes
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	1.1	ug/L	1	2	U	Yes
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
1,4-Dioxane	10.5	ug/L	1		•~	Yes
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	1.1	ug/L	1	2	U	Yes
Dibenzofuran	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Di-n-butyl phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Di-n-octyl phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	2	U	Yes
Diethyl phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	*	U	Yes
Dimethyl phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	9	U	Yes
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Fluoranthene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Fluorene	1.1	ug/L	1	2	U	Yes
Hexachlorobenzene	1.1	ug/L	1	8	U	Yes
Hexachlorobutadiene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	11	ug/L	1	ω.	U	Yes
Hexachloroethane	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	1.1	ug/L	1	2	U	Yes
Isophorone	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2-Methylnaphthalene	1.1	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
2-Nitroaniline	5.6	ug/L	1	-	UJ	Yes
3-Nitroaniline	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
4-Nitroaniline	5.6	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes
Nitrobenzene	2.2	ug/L	1	-	UJ	Yes
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	2.2	ug/L	1	7.	UJ	Yes
Nitrosodiphenylamine	5.6	ug/L	1	23	U	Yes
Phenanthrene	1.1	ug/L	1	#.	U	Yes
Pyrene	1.1	ug/L	1		U	Yes
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	2.2	ug/L	1	-	U	Yes

METHOD: 8270D (SIM)

Naphthalene 0.11 ug/L 1 - Yes

	Project Number:_JC19214 Date:_April_26-27,_2016 Shipping Date:_April_27,_2016 EPA Region:2
REVIEW OF SEMIVOLATILE OF	RGANIC PACKAGE
The following guidelines for evaluating volatile required validation actions. This document will assudgment to make more informed decision and in users. The sample results were assessed according documents in the following order of precedence Section, SOP HW-35A, July 2015—Revision 0. Seminary data validation actions listed on the data reviguidance document, unless otherwise noted.	sist the reviewer in using professional better serving the needs of the data of the data to USEPA data validation guidance ce: EPA Hazardous Waste Support platile Data Validation. The QC criteria
The hardcopied (laboratory name) _Accutest reviewed and the quality control and performance data ncluded:	data package received has been summarized. The data review for SVOCs
_ab. Project/SDG No.:JC19214 No. of Samples:2_Full_scan/2_SIM	Sample matrix:Groundwater
rip blank No.:	
X Data CompletenessX Holding TimesX GC/MS TuningX Internal Standard PerformanceX BlanksX Surrogate RecoveriesX Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate	X Laboratory Control SpikesX Field DuplicatesX CalibrationsX Compound IdentificationsX Compound QuantitationX Quantitation Limits
Overall Comments:_ABN_TCL_list_by_method_SW846-t _analyzed_by_method_SW846-8270D_(SIM)	8270D;_Naphthalene_and_1,4-Dioxane_
Definition of Qualifiers:	0); 2
Estimated results J- Compound not detected R- Rejected data JJ- Estimated nondetect Reviewer: Refuel Defaut	

DATA COMPLETENESS

MISSING INFORMATION	DATE LAB. CONTACTED	DATE RECEIVED
4		
N ₂		
		<u> </u>
		<u> </u>
		39

All criteria were met _X
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

HOLDING TIMES

The objective of this parameter is to ascertain the validity of the results based on the holding time of the sample from time of collection to the time of analysis.

Complete table for all samples and note the analysis and/or preservation not within criteria

SAMPLE ID	DATE SAMPLED	DATE EXTRACTED/ANALYZED	рН	ACTION
All samples extract	ed and analyzed w	rithin method recommended ho	lding 1	time.

Cooler temperature (Criteria: 4 ± 2 °C):5.4 °C	
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Actions

Results will be qualified based on the criteria of the following Table:

Table 1. Holding Time Actions for Semivolatile Analyses

		ing Time Actions for Semiv		Action		
Matrix Preserved		Criteria	Detected Associated Compounds	Non-Detected Associated Compounds		
=	No	≤7 days (for extraction) ≤40 days (for analysis)	Use professional judgment			
:	No	> 7 days (for extraction) > 40 days (for analysis)	J	Use professional judgment		
Aqueous	Yes	≤7 days (for extraction) ≤40 days (for analysis)	No qualification			
	Yes	> 7 days (for extraction) > 40 days (for analysis)	J	υJ		
	Yes/No	Grossly Exceeded	J	UJ or R		
	No	≤ 14 days (for extraction) ≤ 40 days (for analysis)	Use profession	onal judgment		
Non-Aqueous	No	> 14 days (for extraction) > 40 days (for analysis)	J	Use professional judgment		
	Yes	≤ 14 days (for extraction) ≤ 40 days (for analysis)	No qualification			
	Yes	> 14 days (for extraction) > 40 days (for analysis)	J	UJ		
	Yes/No	Grossly Exceeded	J	UJ or R		

All	criteria were met_	_X
Criteria were	not met see below	

GC/MS TUNING

The assessment of the tuning results is to determine if the sample instrumentation is within the standard tuning QC limits

- _X__ The DFTPP performance results were reviewed and found to be within the specified criteria.
- _X__ DFTPP tuning was performed for every 12 hours of sample analysis.

If no, use professional judgment to determine whether the associated data should be accepted, qualified or rejected.

Notes: These requirements do not apply when samples are analyzed by the Selected Ion Monitoring (SIM) technique.

All mass spectrometer conditions must be identical to those used during the sample analysis. Background subtraction actions resulting in spectral distortion are unacceptable

Notes: No data should be qualified based of DFTPP failure.

The requirement to analyze the instrument performance check solution is optional when analysis of PAHs/pentachlorophenol is to be performed by the SIM technique.

List	the samples		the		samples		affected:
				_			
_				<u>.</u>			

Actions:

- If sample are analyzed without a preceding valid instrument performance check or are analyzed 12 hours after the Instrument Performance Check, qualify all data in those samples as unusable (R).
- 2. If ion abundance criteria are not met, use professional judgment to determine to what extent the data may be utilized.
- 3. State in the Data Review Narrative, decisions to use analytical data associated with DFTPP instrument performance checks not meeting the contract requirements.
- 4. Use professional judgment to determine if associated data should be qualified based on the spectrum of the mass calibration compounds.

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below

INITIAL CALIBRATION VERIFICATION

Compliance requirements for satisfactory instrument calibration are established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing and maintaining acceptable quantitative data.

Date of initial calibration:_	04/21/2010	6_(SIM)	
Instrument ID numbers:	GCMS3N	Λ	
Matrix/Level:		s/low	
Date of initial calibration:_			
Instrument ID numbers:		_	
Matrix/Level:Aqu	Jeous/Iow		

DATE	LAB FILE ID#	CRITERIA OUT RFs, %RSD, %D, r	COMPOUND	SAMPLES AFFECTED
GCMSF				
04/28/16	cc6563-50			

Actions:

Qualify the initial calibration analytes listed in Table 2 using the following criteria:

Table 3. Initial Calibration Actions for Semivolatile Analysis

Criteria	Action		
Cnteria	Detect	Non-detect	
Initial Calibration not performed at specified frequency and sequence	Use professional judgment R	Use professional judgment R	
Initial Calibration not performed at the specified concentrations	J	UJ	
RRF < Minimum RRF in Table 2 for target analyte	Use professional judgment J+ or R	R	
RRF ≥ Minimum RRF in Table 2 for target analyte	No qualification	No qualification	
%RSD > Maximum %RSD in Table 2 for target analyte	j	Use professional judgment	
%RSD ≤ Maximum %RSD in Table 2 for target analyte	No qualification	No qualification	

Initial Calibration

Table 2. RRF, %RSD, and %D Acceptance Criteria in Initial Calibration and CCV for Semivolatili Analysis

Analyte	Minimum RRF	Maximum %RSD	Opening Maximum %D ¹	Opening Maximum %D ¹
1,4-Dioxane	0.010	40.0	± 40.0	± 50.0
Benzaldehyde	0.100	40.0	± 40.0	± 50.0
Phenol	0.080	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether	0.100	20.0	±20.0	± 25.0
2-Chlorophenol	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
2-Methylphenol	0.010	20,0	±20.0	±25.0
3-Methylphenol	0.010	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
2,2'-Oxybis-(1-chloropropane)	0.010	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Acetophenone	0.060	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
4-Methylphenol	0.010	20.0	±20.0	± 25.0
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	0.080	20.0	± 25.0	±25.0
Hexachloroethane	0.100	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
Nitrobenzene	0.090	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
Isophorone	0.100	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
2-Nitrophenol	0.060	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
2,4-Dimethylphenol	0.050	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane	0.080	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
2,4-Dichlorophenol	0.060	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Naphthalene	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
4-Chloroaniline	0.010	40.0	± 40.0	±50.0
lexachlorobutadiene	0.040	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
Caprolactam	0.010	40.0	± 30.0	± 50.0
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	0.040	20,0	± 20.0	±25.0
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.100	20.0	± 20.0	±25,0
lexachlorocyclopentadiene	0.010	40.0	± 40.0	± 50.0
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	0.090	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	0.100	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
1,1'-Biphenyl	0.200	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0

Analyte	Minimum RRF	Maximum %RSD	Opening Maximum %D¹	Opening Maximum %D ¹
2-Chloronaphthalene	0.300	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
2-Nitroaniline	0.060	20.0	±25.0	±25.0
Dimethylphthalate	0.300	20.0	±25.0	±25.0
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	0.080	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Acenaphthylene	0.400	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
3-Nitroaniline	0.010	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Acenaphthene	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
2,4-Dinitrophenol	0.010	40.0	± 50.0	± 50.0
4-Nitrophenol	0.010	40.0	±40.0	± 50.0
Dibenzofuran	0.300	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	0.070	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
Diethylphthalate	0.300	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene	0.100	20.0	± 20.0	£25.0
4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	0.100	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
Fluorene	0.200	20.0	±20.0	±25.0
4-Nitroaniline	0.010	40.0	± 40.0	± 50.0
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	0.010	40.0	±30.0	± 50.0
4-Bromophenyl-phenyl ether	0.070	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	0.100	20.0	±20.0	±25,0
Hexachlorobenzene	0.050	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
Atrazine	0.010	40.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Pentachlorophenol	0.010	40.0	± 40.0	± 50.0
Phenanthrene	0.200	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Anthracene	0.200	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Carbazole	0.050	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Di-n-butylphthalate	0.500	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Fluoranthene	0.100	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Pyrene	0.400	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Butylbenzylphthalate	0.100	20.0	± 25.0	± 50.0

Analyte	Minimum RRF	Maximum %RSD	Opening Maximum %D¹	Opening Maximum %D ¹
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	0.010	40.0	± 40.0	± 50.0
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.300	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Chrysene	0.200	20.0	± 20.0	± 50.0
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	0.200	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Di-n-octylphthalate	0.010	40.0	± 40.0	± 50.0
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.010	20.0	± 25.0	± 50.0
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.010	20.0	± 25.0	± 50.0
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.010	20.0	± 20.0	± 50.0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.010	20.0	± 25.0	± 50.0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.010	20.0	± 25.0	± 50.0
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.010	20.0	± 30.0	± 50.0
2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol	0.040	20.0	± 20.0	±50.0
Naphthalene	0.600	20.0	±25.0	± 25.0
2-Methylnaphthalene	0.300	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
Acenaphthylene	0.900	20.0	±20.0	± 25.0
Acenaphthene	0.500	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
Fluorene	0.700	20.0	± 25.0	± 50.0
Phenanthrene	0.300	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Anthracene	0.400	20.0	± 25.0	± 50.0
Fluoranthene	0.400	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Pyrene	0.500	20.0	±30.0	± 50.0
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.400	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Chyrsene	0.400	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.100	20.0	± 30.0	± 50.0
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	0.100	20.0	± 30.0	± 50.0
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.100	20.0	± 25.0	± 50.0
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	0.100	20.0	± 40.0	± 50.0
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	0.010	25.0	± 40.0	± 50.0
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	0.020	25.0	± 40.0	± 50.0

Pentachlorophenol	0.010	40.0	± 50.0	± 50.0	٦	
Deuterated Monitoring Compounds						

Analyte	Minimum RRF	Maximum %RSD	Opening Maximum %D ¹	Closing Maximum %D
1,4-Dioxane-d ₈	0.010	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Phenol-d ₅	0.010	20.0	± 25.0	±25.0
Bis-(2-chloroethyl)ether-d ₈	0.100	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
2-Chlorophenol-d ₄	0.200	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
4-Methylphenol-d _k	0.010	20.0	±20.0	± 25.0
4-Chloroaniline-d4	0.010	40.0	±40.0	± 50.0
Nitrobenzene-d ₅	0.050	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
2-Nitrophenol-d4	0.050	20.0	± 20.0	±25.0
2,4-Dichlorophenol-d;	0.060	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Dimethylphthalate-d ₆	0.300	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Acenaphthylene-d _x	0.400	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
4-Nitrophenol-d ₄	0.010	40.0	±40.0	± 50.0
Fluorene-d ₁₀	0.100	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol-d2	0.010	40.0	±30.0	± 50.0
Anthracene-d ₁₀	0.300	20.0	± 20.0	± 25.0
Pyrene-d ₁₀	0.300	20.0	±25.0	± 50.0
Benzo(a)pyrene-d ₁₂	0.010	20.0	± 20.0	± 50.0
Fluoranthene-d ₁₀ (SIM)	0.400	20.0	± 25.0	± 50.0
2-Methylnaphthalene-d ₁₀ (SIM)	0.300	20.0	± 20.0	£ 25.0

¹ If a closing CCV is acting as an opening CCV, all target analytes must meet the requirements for an opening CCV.

Note: If analysis by SIM technique is requested for PAH/pentachlorophenols, calibration standards analyzed at 0.10, 0.20, 0.40, 0.80, and 1.0 ng/uL for each target compound of interest and the associated DMCs. Pentachlorophenol will require only a four point initial calibration at 0.20, 0.40, 0.80, and 1.0 ng/uL.

All criteria were met	
Criteria were not met	
and/or see belowX	

CONTINUING CALIBRATION VERIFICATION

Compliance requirements for satisfactory instrument calibration are established to ensure that the instrument is capable of producing and maintaining acceptable quantitative data.

DATE	LAB FILE	CRITERIA OUT	COMPOUND	SAMPLES
	ID#	RFs, %RSD, <u>%D</u> , r		AFFECTED
_04/28/16	cc6563-50	-34.2	N-Nitrosodi-n-propylamine	JC19214-1 and -2
		21.3	Acetophenone	
		21.1	4-Chloroaniline*	
		-32.0	2-Nitroaniline	
		-58.5	4,6-dinitro-2-methylphenol*	

Note: Initial and continuing calibration verifications meet the required criteria except the cases describe above. No closing calibration verification included in data package. Analytes not detected in affected samples, results qualified (UJ).

* Analytes with % difference in the continue calibration verification outside the method performance criteria but within the validation guidelines criteria, +40 %. No action taken

Actions:

Notes: Verify that the CCV is run at the required frequency (an opening and closing CCV must be run within 12-hour period).

All DMCs must meet the RRF values given in Table 2. No qualification of the data is necessary on DMCs RRF and %RSD/%D alone. Use professional judgment to evaluate DMCs and %RSD/%D data in conjunction with DMCs recoveries to determine the need for qualification of the data.

Qualify the initial calibration analytes listed in Table 2 using the following criteria in the CCVs:

Table 4. CCV Actions for Semivolatile Analysis

Criteria for Opening CCV	Criteria for Closing CCV -	Action		
Cinetia for Opening CC v	Citteria for Closing CCV	Detect	Non-detect	
CCV not performed at required frequency and sequence	CCV not performed at required frequency	Use professional judgment R	Use professional judgment R	
CCV not performed at specified concentration	CCV not performed at specified concentration	Use professional judgment	Use professional judgment	
RRF < Minimum RRF in Table 2 for target analyte	RRF < Minimum RRF in Table 2 for target analyte	Use professional judgment J or R	R	
RRF ≥ Minimum RRF in Table 2 for target analyte	RRF ≥ Minimum RRF in Table 2 for target analyte	No qualification	No qualification	
%D outside the Opening Maximum %D limits in Table 2 for target analyte	%D outside the Closing Maximum %D limits in Table 2 for target analyte	J	UJ	
%D within the inclusive Opening Maximum %D limits in Table 2 for target analyte	%D within the inclusive Closing Maximum %D limits in Table 2 for target analyte	No qualification	No qualification	

All criteria were met _X
Crilena were not met
and/or see below

BLANK ANALYSIS RESULTS (Sections 1 & 2)

The assessment of the blank analysis results is to determine the existence and magnitude of contamination problems. The criteria for evaluation of blanks apply only to blanks associated with the samples, including trip, equipment, and laboratory blanks. If problems with any blanks exist, all data associated with the case must be carefully evaluated to determine whether or not there is an inherent variability in the data for the case, or if the problem is an isolated occurrence not affecting other data.

List the contamination in the blanks below. High and low levels blanks must be treated separately.

Notes: The concentration of non-target compounds in all blanks must be less than or equal to 10 ug/L.

The concentration of target compounds in all blanks must be less than its CRQL listed in the method.

Samples taken from a drinking water tap do not have and associated field blank.

Laboratory blanks

DATE ANALYZED	LAB ID	LEVEL/ Matrix	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS
Field/Equipmen				
DATE ANALYZED	LAB ID	LEVEL <i>I</i> MATRIX	COMPOUND	CONCENTRATION UNITS
_No_field/trip/ed	quipment_blank	s_analyzed_wil	h_this_data_package	

All criteria were metX
Criteria were not met
and/or see below _

BLANK ANALYSIS RESULTS (Section 3)

Blank Actions

Qualify samples based on the criteria summarized in Table 5:

Table 5. Blank and TCLP/SPLP LEB Actions for Semivolatile Analysis

Blank Type	Blank Result	Sample Result	Action
	Detect	Non-detect	No qualification
	< CRQL	< CRQL	Report at CRQL and qualify as non-detect (U)
		≥ CRQL	Use professional judgment
		< CRQL	Report at CRQL and qualify as non-detect (U)
Method,	≥ CRQL	≥ CRQL but < Blank Result	Report at sample results and qualify as non-detect (U) or as unusable (R)
TCLP/SPLP LEB, Field		≥ CRQL and ≥ Blank Result	Use professional judgment
	Grossly high	Detect	Report at sample results and qualify as unusable (R)
	TIC > 5.0 ug/L. (water) or 0.0050 mg/L (TCLP leachate) or TIC > 170 ug/Kg (soil)	Detect	Use professional judgment

List samples qualified

CONTAMINATION SOURCE/LEVEL	COMPOUND	CONC/UNITS	AL/UNITS	SQL	AFFECTED SAMPLES
					<u> </u>

All cnteria were metX_	_
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

SURROGATE SPIKE RECOVERIES - DEUTERATED MONITORING COMPOUNDS (DMCs)

Laboratory performance of individual samples is established by evaluation of surrogate spike recoveries – deuterated monitoring compounds. All samples are spiked with surrogate compounds prior to sample analysis. The accuracy of the analysis is measured by the surrogate percent recovery. Since the effects of the sample matrix are frequently outside the control of the laboratory and may present relatively unique problems, the validation of data is frequently subjective and demands analytical experience and professional judgment.

Notes: Recoveries for DMCs in samples and blanks must be within the limits specified in Table 6.

The recovery limits for any of the compounds listed in Table 6 may be expanded at any time during the period of performance if USEPA determines that the limits are too restrictive.

If a DMC is not added in the samples and blanks or the concentrations of DMCs in the samples and blank not the specified, use professional judgment in qualifying the data.

Table 7. DMC Actions for Semivolatile Analysis

Criteria	Action	
Criteria	Detect	Non-detect
%R < 10% (excluding DMCs with 10% as a lower acceptance limit)	J-	R
10% ≤ %R (excluding DMCs with 10% as a lower acceptance limit) < Lower Acceptance Limit	J-	ΩJ
Lower Acceptance limit $\leq \%R \leq Upper Acceptance Limit$	No qualification	No qualification
%R > Upper Acceptance Limit	J+	No qualification

List the percent recoveries (%Rs) which do not meet the criteria for DMCs (surrogate) recovery.

SAMPLE ID	SURROGATE COMPOUND	ACTION
_DMCs_meet_the_requi	ired_criteriaNon-deuterated_surrogates_added	_to_the_samples_
	10.7	

Table 8. Semivolatile DMCs and the Associated Target Analytes

1,4-Dioxane-da (DMC-1)	Phenol-d ₅ (DMC-2)	Bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether-da (DMC-3)
1,4-Dioxane	Benzaldehyde	Bis(2-chloroethyl)ether
,	Phenol	2,2'-Oxybis(1-chloropropane)
		Bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane
2-Chlorophenol-d ₄ (DMC-4)	4-Methylphenol-da (DMC-5)	4-Chloroaniline-d ₄ (DMC-6)
2-Chlorophenol	2-Methylphenol	4-Chloroaniline
	3-Methylphenol	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
	4-Methylphenol	Dichlorobenzidine
	2,4-Dimethylphenol	Dictioroccizing
Nitrobenzene-d ₅ (DMC-7)		3.433.11
	2-Nitrophenol-d ₄ (DMC-8)	2,4-Dichlorophenol-d3(DMC-9)
Acetophenone	Isophorone	2,4-Dichlorophenol
N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	2-Nitrophenol	Hexachlorobutadiene
Hexachloroethane	J	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene
Nitrobenzene		4-Chloro-3-methylphenol
2,6-Dinitrotoluene		2,4,6-Trichlorophenol
2,4-Dinitrotoluene		2,4,5-Trichlorophenol
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine		1,2,4,5-Tetrachlorobenzene
		*Pentachlorophenol
		2,3,4,6-Tetrachlorophenol
Dimethylphthalate-d. (DMC-10)	Acenaphthylene-da (DMC-11)	4-Nitrophenol-d ₄ (DMC-12)
Caprolactam	*Naphthalene	2-Nitroaniline
1,1'-Biphenyl	*2-Methylnaphthalene	3-Nitroaniline
Dimethylphthalate	2-Chloronaphthalene	2,4-Dinitrophenol
Diethylphthalate	*Acenaphthylene	4-Nitrophenol
Di-n-butylphthalate	*Acenaphthene	4-Nitroaniline
Butylbenzylphthalate	·	
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate		
Di-n-octylphthalate		

Fluorene-d ₁₀ (DMC-13)	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol-d ₂ (DMC-14)	Anthracene-d ₁₀ (DMC-15)
Dibenzofuran *Fluorene 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether Carbazole	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	Hexachlorobenzene Atrazine *Phenanthrene *Anthracene
Pyrene-d ₁₀ (DMC-16)	Benzo(a)pyrene-d ₁₂ (DMC-17)	
*Fluoranthene	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	
*Pyrene	*Benzo(b)fluoranthene	
*Benzo(a)anthracene	*Benzo(k)fluoranthene	
*Chrysene	*Benzo(a)pyrene	
	*Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	
	*Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	1
	*Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	

^{*}Included in optional Target Analyte List (TAL) of PAHs and PCP only.

Table 9. Semivolatile SIM DMCs and the Associated Target Analytes

Fluoranthene-d10 (DMC-1)	2-Methylnaphthalene-d10 (DMC-2)
Fluoranthene	Naphthalene
Pyrene	2-Methylnaphthalene
Benzo(a)anthracene	Acenaphthylene
Chrysene	Acenaphthene
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Fluorene
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	Pentachlorophenol
Benzo(a)pyrene	Phenanthrene
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	Anthracene
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene	
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	<u> </u>

All criteria were met _X	_
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

VII. A MATRIX SPIKE/MATRIX SPIKE DUPLICATE (MS/MSD)

This data is generated to determine long term precision and accuracy in the analytical method for various matrices. This data alone cannot be used to evaluate the precision and accuracy of individual samples. If any % R in the MS or MSD falls outside the designated range, the reviewer should determine if there are matrix effects, i.e. LCS data are within the QC limits but MS/MSD data are outside QC limit.

1. MS/MSD Recoveries and Precision Criteria

The laboratory should use one MS and a duplicate analysis of an unspiked field sample if target analytes are expected in the sample. If target analytes are not expected, MS/MSD should be analyzed.

NOTES:

Data for MS and MSDs will not be present unless requested by the

Region.

Notify the Contract Laboratory COR if a field or trip blank was used for the

MS and MSD.

For a Matrix Spike that does not meet criteria, apply the action to only the field sample used to prepare the Matrix Spike sample. If it is clearly stated in the data validation materials that the samples were taken through incremental sampling or some other method guaranteeing the homogeneity of the sample group, then the entire sample group may be qualified.

List the %Rs, RPD of the compounds which do not meet the criteria.

Sample ID:JC19069-1 Sample ID:JC19069-2_(SIM)			Matrix/Level:_Groun Matrix/Level:_Groun				
MS OR MSD	COMPOUND	% R	RPD	QC LIMITS	ACTION		
			-				
				<u> </u>			

* If QC limits are not available, use limits of 70 – 130 %.

Actions:

QUALITY	%R < LL	%R > UL
Positive results	J	J
Nondetects results	R	Accept

^{*} QC limits are laboratory in-house performance criteria, LL = lower limit, UL = upper limit.

MS/MSD criteria apply only to the unspiked sample, its dilutions, and the associated MS/MSD samples:

If the % R for the affected compounds were < LL (or 70 %), qualify positive results (J) and nondetects (UJ).

If the % R for the affected compounds were > UL (or 130 %), only qualify positive results (J).

If 25 % or more of all MS/MSD %R were < LL (or 70 %) or if two or more MS/MSD %Rs were < 10%, qualify all positive results (J) and reject nondetects (R).

A separate worksheet should be used for each MS/MSD pair.

All criteria were met _	X	_
Criteria were not met		
and/or see below	_	

INTERNAL STANDARD PERFORMANCE

The assessment of the internal standard (IS) parameter is used to assist the data reviewer in determining the condition of the analytical instrumentation.

List the internal standard area of samples which do not meet the criteria.

DATE SAMPLE ID IS OUT IS AREA ACCEPTABLE ACTION RANGE

Internal standard area counts meet the required criteria.

Action:

- If an internal standard area count for a sample or blank is greater than 200.0% of the area for the associated standard (opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration) (see Table 10 below):
 - a. Qualify detects for compounds quantitated using that internal standard as estimated low (J-).
 - b. Do not qualify non-detected associated compounds.
- 2. If an internal standard area count for a sample or blank is less than 20.0% of the area for the associated standard (opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration):
 - a. Qualify detects for compounds quantitated using that internal standard as estimated high (J+).
 - b. Qualify non-detected associated compounds as unusable (R).
- If an internal standard area count for a sample or blank is greater than or equal to 50.0%, and less than or equal to 200% of the area for the associated standard opening CCV or mid-point standard from initial calibration, no qualification of the data is necessary.
- 4. If an internal standard RT varies by more than 10.0 seconds: Examine the chromatographic profile for that sample to determine if any false positives or negatives exist. For shifts of a large magnitude, the reviewer may consider partial or total rejection of the data for that sample fraction. Detects should not need to be qualified as unusable (R) if the mass spectral criteria are met.
- If an internal standard RT varies by less than or equal to 10.0 seconds, no qualification of the data is necessary.

Note: Inform the Contract Laboratory Program Project Officer (CLP PO) if the internal standard performance criteria are grossly exceeded. Note in the Data Review Narrative potential effects on the data resulting from unacceptable internal standard performance.

State in the Data Review Narrative if the required internal standard compounds are not added to a sample or blank or if the required internal standard compound is not analyzed at the specified concentration.

Actions:

Table 10. Internal Standard Actions for Semivolatile Analysis

Criteria	Action	
Cinena	Detect	Non-detect
Area response < 20% of the opening CCV or mid-point standard CS3 from ICAL	J+	R
20% ≤ Area response < 50% of the opening CCV or mid-point standard CS3 from ICAL	J+	UJ
50% ≤ Area response ≤ 200% of the opening CCV or mid-point standard CS3 from ICAL	No qualification	No qualification
Area response > 200% of the opening CCV or mid-point standard CS3 from ICAL	J-	No qualification
RT shift between sample/blank and opening CCV or mid-point standard CS3 from ICAL > 10.0 seconds	R	R
RT shift between sample/blank and opening CCV or mid-point standard CS3 from ICAL < 10.0 seconds	No qualification	No qualification

		All criteria were metX Criteria were not met and/or see below
TARGET CO	MPOUND IDENTIFICATION	
Criteria:		
ls the Relationstandard RR initial calibrat	ve Retention Times (RRTs) of reported com T [opening Continuing Calibration Verification tion].	pounds within ±0.06 RRT units of the (CCV) or mid-point standard from the Yes? or No?
List compour	nds not meeting the criteria described above:	
Sample ID	Compounds	Actions
spectrum fror calibration)] n a. b.	m the associated calibration standard (opening must match according to the following criteria: All ions present in the standard mass specifications must be present in the sample spectro. The relative intensities of these ions no standard and sample spectra (e.g., for an standard spectrum, the corresponding sa 30-70%). Ions present at greater than 10% in the sa the standard spectrum, must be evaluated spectral interpretation.	ctrum at a relative intensity greater than um. nust agree within ±20% between the n ion with an abundance of 50% in the mple ion abundance must be between the mple mass spectrum, but not present in
_ist compoun	nds not meeting the criteria described above:	
Sample ID	Compounds	Actions
	ompounds_meet_the_required_criteria	

Action:

- The application of qualitative criteria for GC/MS analysis of target compounds requires
 professional judgment. It is up to the reviewer's discretion to obtain additional information
 from the laboratory. If it is determined that incorrect identifications were made, qualify all
 such data as unusable (R).
- Use professional judgment to qualify the data if it is determined that cross-contamination has occurred.
- Note in the Data Review Narrative any changes made to the reported compounds or concerns regarding target compound identifications. Note, for Contract Laboratory COR action, the necessity for numerous or significant changes.

TENTATIVELY IDENTIFIED COMPOUNDS (TICS)

NOTE: Tentatively identified compounds should only be evaluated when requested by a party from outside of the Hazardous Waste Support Section (HWSS).

1	ist	TI	Cs
_	LOI.		1.47

Sample ID	Compound	Sample ID	Compound
380000000000000000000000000000000000000	=======================================		=======================================

Action:

- 1. Qualify all TIC results for which there is presumptive evidence of a match (e.g. greater than or equal to 85% match) as tentatively identified (NJ), with approximated concentrations. TICs labeled "unknown" are qualified as estimated (J).
- 2. General actions related to the review of TIC results are as follows:
 - a. If it is determined that a tentative identification of a non-target compound is unacceptable, change the tentative identification to "unknown" or another appropriate identification, and qualify the result as estimated (J).
 - If all contractually-required peaks were not library searched and quantitated, the Region's designated representative may request these data from the laboratory.
- In deciding whether a library search result for a TIC represents a reasonable identification, use professional judgment. If there is more than one possible match, report the result as "either compound X or compound Y". If there is a lack of isomer specificity, change the TIC result to a nonspecific isomer result (e.g., 1,3,5-trimethyl benzene to trimethyl benzene isomer) or to a compound class (e.g., 2-methyl, 3-ethyl benzene to a substituted aromatic compound).
- 4. The reviewer may elect to report all similar compounds as a total (e.g., all alkanes may be summarized and reported as total hydrocarbons).

- 5. Target compounds from other fractions and suspected laboratory contaminants should be marked as "non-reportable".
- 6. Other Case factors may influence TIC judgments. If a sample TIC match is poor, but other samples have a TIC with a valid library match, similar RRT, and the same ions, infer identification information from the other sample TIC results.
- 7. Note in the Data Review Narrative any changes made to the reported data or any concerns regarding TIC identifications.
- 8. Note, for Contract Laboratory COR action, failure to properly evaluate and report TICs

All criteria were met_	Χ
Criteria were not met	
and/or see below	

SAMPLE QUANTITATION AND REPORTED CONTRACT REQUIRED QUANTITATION LIMITS (CRQLS)

Action:

- 1. When a sample is analyzed at more than one dilution, the lower CRQL are used unless a QC exceedance dictates the use of higher CRQLs from the diluted sample. Samples reported with an "E" qualifier should be reported from the diluted sample.
- 2. If any discrepancies are found, the Region's designated representative may contact the laboratory to obtain additional information that could resolve any differences. If a discrepancy remains unresolved, the reviewer must use professional judgment to decide which value is the most accurate. Under these circumstances, the reviewer may determine that qualification of data is warranted. Note in the Data Review Narrative a description of the reasons for data qualification and the qualification that is applied to the data.
- 3. For non-aqueous samples, if the solids is less than 10.0%, use professional judgment for both detects and non-detects. If the percent solid for a soil sample is greater than or equal to 10.0% and less than 30.0%, use professional judgment to qualify detects and non-detects. If the percent solid for a soil sample is greater than or equal to 30.0%, detects and non-detects should not be qualified (see Table 11).
- 4. Note, for Contract Laboratory COR action, numerous or significant failures to accurately quantify the target compounds or to properly evaluate and adjust CRQLs.
- 5. Results between MDL and CRQL should be qualified as estimated "J".
- 6. Results < MDL should be reported at the CRQL and qualified "U". MDLs themselves should not be reported.

Table 11. Percent Solids Actions for Semivolatile Analysis for Non-Aqueous Samples

Criteria	Action		
Cincia	Detects	Non-detects	
%Solids < 10.0%	Use professional judgment	Use professional judgment	
10.0% ≤ %Solids ≤ 30.0%	Use professional judgment	Use professional judgment	
%Solids > 30.0%	No qualification	No qualification	

SAMPLE QUANTITATION

The sample quantitation evaluation is to verify laboratory quantitation results. In the space below, please show a minimum of one sample calculation:

Sample ID:	_ Blank_	Spike Ana	lyte:Naphthaler	ne	RF:_1.092_
[]	=	(1832565)(4	0)/(1888859)(1.09	92)	
	=	35.5 ppm	Ok		

QUANTITATION LIMITS

A. Dilution performed

SAMPLE ID	DILUTION FACTOR	REASON FOR DILUTION
<u> </u>		
		- 100
		-100
<u> </u>	1000	
	The state of the s	

		C	Il criteria were metN/A riteria were not met nd/or see below
FIELD DUPLICATE PRECISI	ON		
Sample IDs:		Matrix:	

Field duplicates samples may be taken and analyzed as an indication of overall precision. These analyses measure both field and lab precision; therefore, the results may have more variability than laboratory duplicates which only laboratory performance. It is also expected that soil duplicate results will have a greater variance than water matrices due to difficulties associated with collecting identical field duplicate samples.

The project QAPP should be reviewed for project-specific information.

Suggested criteria: if large RPD (> 50 %) is observed, confirm identification of the samples and note differences. If both samples and duplicate are <5 SQL, the RPD criteria is doubled.

COMPOUND	SQL ug/L	SAMPLE CONC.	DUPLICATE CONC.	RPD	ACTION
No field/laborator	ry duplicate recision; R	e analyzed as p	part of this data packa	age. MS/MS	D % recoveries RPD target analytes.

All criteria were met_	_X_	- 5
Criteria were not met		
and/or see below	_	

OTHER ISSUES

List sa	amples qualified ba	sed on the degradation of system	performance during simple analysis:	
Sample ID		Comments	Actions	
Action	n:		-16	
degra	ded during sample		etermined that system performance ha aboratory Program COR any action as cantly affected the data.	
B.	Overall Assessm	ent of Data		
List sa	amples qualified ba	sed on other issues:		
	le ID	Comments	Actions	

Action:

- 1. Use professional judgment to determine if there is any need to qualify data which were not qualified based on the Quality Control (QC) criteria previously discussed.
- Write a brief narrative to give the user an indication of the analytical limitations of the data. Inform the Contract Laboratory COR the action, any inconsistency of the data with the Sample Delivery Group (SDG) Narrative. If sufficient information on the intended use and required quality of the data is available, the reviewer should include their assessment of the usability of the data within the given context. This may be used as part of a formal Data Quality Assessment (DQA).
- 3. Sometimes, due to dilutions, re-analysis or SIM/Scan runs are being performed, there will be multiple results for a single analyte from a single sample. The following criteria and professional judgment are used to determine which result should be reported:
 - The analysis with the lower CRQL
 - The analysis with the better QC results
 - The analysis with the higher results